The Centre Reporter.

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DEER LAW TO CHANGE, PROBABLY.

Next Legislature Will be Asked to Change Season to Run from December 1 to 15.

"Deer hunters and many men interested in hunting throughout Pennsylvania will ask the next legislature to change the deer hunting season and I sincerely trust that a change of the season to make it run from December 1 to 15 will be made" declared Dr. Joseph Kalbfus, secretary of the state game commission. "The season just closed has been very successful, but there have been people killed and the change in the law should be made on humanitarian grounds, if none other.

"After December 1 the leaves are all off the trees and the bird hunters have finished up their hunting," he continued. "With the leaves off there is less danger of people being killed and the number of accidents will be greatly reduced. Deer can be better tracked and as snow comes early in December in some quarters it will be better for hunting. I think that when we get the figures compiled and show the number of people killed or wounded by mistake that force of these arguments will be recognized."

Dr. Kalbfus says that the deer season has been very successful and that the number of bucks killed will be large, although he says that shooting of does went on. The bodies were found and efforts to arrest the persons responsible will be made.

Every game warden, the paid men and the men who act as wardens through love of sport and game preservation, will be asked to make a report of the number of deer, pheasants and quail killed.

The game official is of the opinion that the shooting of wild turkeys will be legalized next year. There has been a closed season on turkeys for two years.

Democrats Plan for All-Year Work.

Democratic State Chairman Morris has planned for all-year work—planned to keep the state organization alive every day in the year, and not only for a bri f time before elections. By this plan the organization will be better fitted to combat during the 1916 campaign not only the foe of opposition parties but the discredited element in its own party that at the last election voted direct for Penrose and rum.

Chairman Morris has opened offices of the State Committee at 147 South Broad Street, Philadelphia. Business methods will be used, and the same vigorous personal enthusiasm on the part of McCormick, Palmer and the others that marked their work from the day they smashed the old Democratic "machine" will prevail.

College Teaching Farming to Many by Mail

More than 19,000 men and women of Pennsylvania who could not find time or the funds to attend college have studied agriculture by correspondence with The Pennsylvania State College. About fifty per cent of them have completed the courses, and were awarded certificates of proficiency.

Prof. T. I. Mairs, who has charge of the long-distance instruction, said the courses attracting most attention were: poultry raising, farm book keeping, gardening, fruit growing and general agriculture. He added that the new course in cooking is rapidly gaining in popularity.

"The enrollment of more than 1,500 persons each year in these correspondence courses," said Professor Mairs, "is good evidence that teaching agriculture by mail has become an important phase of the extension work of the American agricultural colleges." In his opinion it reaches people who cannot leave the farm or the place of business.

Last year, according to Professor Mairs, 15,000 papers were examined and returned to the correspondence students. He finds the individuals most interested are young farmers, from 20 to 30 years old, farm women, clerks, business and professional men.

Golden Wedding Celebrated.

Hon. and Mrs. Alexander G. Morris celebrated their golden wedding at Bellefonte, Saturday, with a formal reception from 3 o'clock until 10 in the evening. In addition to their five children and four grandchildren, a special train brought friends from Altoona and Tyrone, while guests were also present from Philadelphia, Harrisburg and Pittsburg.

Mr. Morris is president of the American Lime and Stone Company and has large business interests throughout the state.

B. H. Arney Buys Property.

Benjamin H. Arney purchased the Mrs. Kate Saunders property on Church street, last week. The consideration was $1300. Mr. Arney has not declared his intention to occupy the place next spring.

Court opens Monday.

Program for Farmers' Institute.

The first of the county farmers' institutes will be held at Centre Hall, Monday and Tuesday, December 14 and 15. Unionville comes next, Wednesday and Thursday, December 16 and 17. Philipsburg is last, Friday and Saturday, December 18 and 19. The following program has been arranged for the two days' session here:

Monday morning, 9:30—Address of welcome, Dr. H. F. Bitner; "Need of Lime in the Soil," Mr. Phillips; "Maintaining and Improving Soil Fertility," Mr. Lighty; "Soil management," Mr. Card.

Monday afternoon, 1:30—"How to buy and use commercial fertilizers," Mr. Phillips; "The business of dairy production," Mr. Lighty; "Alfalfa," S. W. Smith.

Monday evening, 7:30—"The pig in poke, pasture, pen and parlor," Mr. Card; "Pork production," Robert Campbell; "Poultry," illustrated by lantern slides, Mr. Phillips.

Tuesday morning, 9:30—"Poultry farming," Mr. Phillips; "Farm management," Mr. Card; "Corn growing—a large crop," Mr. Lighty.

Tuesday afternoon, 1:30—"Fruit growing," Mr. Card; "Silo, soiling and pasture," Mr. Lighty; "Poultry houses—location, construction and care," Mr. Phillips.

Tuesday evening, 7:30—"The rural school—Some suggestions for improvement," Mr. Lighty; "Some lessons at school," Mr. Card; "What education should a farmer's son have," Prof. C. R. Neff.

Local committee:—Dr. H. F. Bitner, chairman; Hon. Leonard Rhone, S. W. Smith, advertising; John J. Arney, programme; Edward Crawford, music; Mrs. Carrie Bradford, decorations.

A Cheap Substitute for Gasoline.

It is claimed that a substitute for gasoline as a fuel for motor cars has been discovered. It is also asserted that this substitute is easy to make and costs only about two cents a gallon. Since the principal ingredient in the manufacturing process is said to be rain water, the cheapness is evident. Rain water, a secret chemical and a still are the requisites demanded, according to the story that comes out of the west.

If this invention is not of the Keely motor sort, and if somebody is not spreading fairy tales, inroads in the oil trust dividends and much happiness on the part of automobilists are about due. It is stated that a test of the fuel has been made at Indianapolis, and that the effect is apparently the same as if gasoline had been used. It is to be demonstrated at the New York Automobile Show, it is said. According to the statement, the inventors expect to make their money by selling stills so that the users of motor fuel can make "zoline," as it is called, for themselves. It is to be hoped that this does not turn out like the process for extracting gold from sea water.

Transfers of Real Estate.

Nannie C. Lytle to Mary E. Croyle, tract of land in Philipsburg. $2000.

Charles C. Stroh to Caleb Miller, tract of land in Spring twp. $85.

A. H. McCaleb Hoefs, et al to Ida L. Witham, tract of land in Walker twp. $1.

William P. Humes et al to Louis Hill et ux, tract of land in Bellefonte boro. $54 .

Louis Hill et ux to Belle Weaver, tract of land in Bellefonte boro. $1.

Belle Weaver to Louis Hill, tract of land in Bellefonte boro. $1.

F. D. Hosterman's heirs to John F. Hosterman, 2 tracts of land in Potter twp. $5,250.

F. D. Hosterman's heirs to W. P. Hosterman, 3 tracts of land in Gregg twp. $3,825.

F. D. Hosterman's heirs to Emma C. Hosterman, tract of land in Gregg twp. $225.

John F. Hosterman et ux to W. P. Hosterman, 2 tracts of land in Potter twp. $7,500.

Clara M. Smith et bar to J. C. Struble, tract of land in Ferguson twp. $500.

B. S. Miller et ux to Sarah Corman, tract of land in Spring twp. $35.

John Swaney et ux to Rachel Miller, tract of land in Spring twp. $30.

Whiterock Quarries to A. M. Kerstetter, tract of land in Spring twp. $1.

Elmer W. Evey et ux to Russell O. Shirk, tract of land in State College boro. $275.

Ed. A. Bower, admr. to Andrew Behm et al, tract of land in Haines twp. $5,789.18.

The Varneys Not Leeches.

Gossip has it that the Varneys, the "Welfare Week" people, carried from Middleburg over $400. This is not the truth. Four hundred dollars were raised for a playground in Middle burg through the efforts of the Varneys. That is quite a different thing from carrying that much money away. The Varneys are not leeches.

"WELFARE WEEK."

An Entire Week of Entertainment of an Uplifting Character for Centre Hall, December 7th to 13th, Inclusive.

As has been previously announced in these columns, Centre Hall is to have a "Welfare Week," to begin Monday evening of next week and continue until Sunday evening. The sessions will all be held in Grange Hall and since there is no charge of admission there should be large attendances at all periods. A silver offering, however, will be lifted.

Two people will do all the speaking on these occasions. They are Chaplain Charles E. Varney and his wife, Rev. Mecca Marie Varney. They are people of refinement, culture, and high morals and the work they have done in towns where they have appeared has invariably been of an uplifting character. Week before last they appeared in Huntingdon and in commenting on these welfarists the "Monitor" said: "Mr. and Mrs. Varney are holding very successful welfare meetings in the Presbyterian church and are doing some good in enlivening the people to their own good. If Mr. Varney can effect closer co-operation between the merchants and the buying public he will accomplish a great and lasting good."

The program is as follows:

Monday evening—"Welfare Night" ..... Mr. and Mrs. Varney
Tuesday, 3:00 p. m.—Woman's Council ..... Mrs. Varney
4:00 p. m.—Lecture, "The Grappling Hook" ..... Mr. Varney
Tuesday evening—"Parents' Night" ..... Mr. Varney
Wednesday, 3:00 p. m.—Woman's Council ..... Mrs. Varney
4:00 p. m.—Lecture, "Chain Breaking" ..... Mrs. Varney
Wednesday evening—"Peace Night" ..... Mrs. Varney
Thursday, 3:00 p. m.—Woman's Council ..... Mrs. Varney
4:00 p. m.—Lecture, "Reary Reference" ..... Mrs. Varney
Thursday evening—"Woman's Night" ..... Mrs. Varney
Friday, 3:00 p. m.—Woman's Council ..... Mrs. Varney
4:00 p. m.—Lecture, "Taming a Giant" ..... Mr. Varney
Friday evening—"Joy Night" ..... Mr. Varney
Saturday, 3:00 p. m.—Woman's Council ..... Mrs. Varney
4:00 p. m.—Lecture, "Twig Bending" ..... Mrs. Varney
Saturday evening—"Big Brothers Night" ..... Mrs. Varney
Sunday evening—"Social Service Night," Sermon Lecture ..... Mrs Varney

Stahl-Sherlock.

Claud K. Stahl and Miss Bess C. Sherlock, both of Altoona, were quietly united in marriage at Millerstown, Perry county, on Thanksgiving Day, by Rev. William Skeath of that place. The groom is a son of Mr. and Mrs. James S. Stahl of this place and has a number of friends who will note with pleasure his advent into the conjugal state. He for a number of years has held a good clerical position with the Pennsylvania Railroad Company at Altoona. His bride until recently was an operator in the motive power exchange. They will reside at Twenty-second Avenue and Fifth Street. The Reporter extends congratulations.

Harter-Smith.

At the Reformed parsonage, by Rev. R. R. Jones, on the evening of Thanksgiving Day, Harry K. Harter of Millheim and Miss Rosie F. Smith of Spring Mills, were united in marriage. Those who witnessed the ceremony were Mr. and Mrs. Tibben Zubler and Miss Mabel Brown of Spring Mills. The party was conveyed in Roy Gentzel's car. The groom holds a position in the service of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company at Altoona and he has a house already furnished for his bride, and they will commence housekeeping immediately. The numerous friends of the happy young couple will wish them joy and happiness throughout their wedded life.

Emenhizer-Ishler.

Paul D. Emenhizer and Miss Edna Ishler were married on the morning of Thanksgiving Day by Rev. G. W. Emenhizer, grandfather of the groom, at West Decatur, Clearfield county. The bride is a daughter of Mrs. Mary E. Ishler of Tusseyville and is a young lady possessing many accomplishments. The groom is a son of William Emenhizer of Pleasant Gap and is an industrious young farmer who has been assisting his father for a number of years on the home farm. The couple returned from a short honeymoon Saturday and for a few days were at the bride's home at Tusseyville where they were treated to an old-fashioned charivari.

Balsam-Cohen.

M. Murray Balsam, advertising manager of Herr's department store in Millheim, was married in Syracuse, New York, Tuesday of last week, to Miss Catharine Cohen of Bellefonte. The groom is well known throughout Penns Valley and is an enterprising young man. They will take up housekeeping in Millheim.

The short session of congress opens Monday.

Sausage Casing from Wood Pulp.

At this season of the year when nearly everyone is killing his hogs for the winter's meat and the "biggest dinners" and the "biggest porkers" are so common, it might be interesting to know of some new feature to lessen the work and labor of these "butcherings". What tastes and eats better than a yard, more or less, of good smoked country sausage, yet everyone knows how much disagreeable work it took to prepare the casing. But it will not be long before everybody will be buying and using sausage casing made from wood pulp, thus doing away with the washing and cleaning of the intestines as at present. The wood sausage casing is one of the newest uses to be found for wood pulp and it is already being used commercially by several of the large packing houses in this country and Canada.

This sausage casing is made of the best quality bleached sulphide wood pulp and is more sanitary and more serviceable than the old intestinal casing. Details of its manufacture cannot be given because these are covered by patents. The pulp however, after several processes, is made into thin walled tubes of various diameters. The length of these tubes depends upon the skill of the operator of the machine, some of them being 500 to 600 feet long. When these tubes are once made, they are reverted, and the impurities are washed out, and the result is a clear, transparent, colorless tube of pure cellulose. This cellulose is without fibre, and entirely without seam or joint. They are finished in a dry state, but are usually let stand a short time so that they do not become hard and brittle in drying. When dry the tubes are cut to suitable lengths and prepared for the trade.

From a sanitary standpoint, these wood casings present several noted advantages, which are free from all diseases which might attack the hog, cleanliness in the process of manufacture, and absolute antiseptic properties. They also keep indefinitely in the dry state and are not subject to any kind of decay or putrefaction.

Besides these valuable properties, the wood casing is very elastic which enables it to expand when filled by means of the ordinary filling machine or sausage stuffer. It is also strong enough to stand the subsequent process of handling, cooking, hanging and smoking. The casing cuts as the ordinary casing, peeling off rather more readily from the meat than does the intestinal casing. Further, it is of uniform diameter throughout its whole length and thus makes a better appearance. It is also uniform, and does not present the bundles of fibres that are common with the intestinal casing and it is possible to produce any size casing which may be desired. On the whole, this new casing will greatly benefit the sausage maker and those who eat it and will remove altogether one of the unpleasant features of every "butchering."

LOCALS

Assessor D. A. Boozer is making the annual assessment, which must be completed by the end of this month.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. John Horner of Linden Hall, one day last week. Mrs. Horner was Marion Burchfield before marriage.

Miss Ella Rhone of California, who has been spending several months among friends in the east, was the guest of Miss Grace Smith on Saturday.

The schools and churches in Woodward have been closed for a period of two weeks on account of the prevalence of diphtheria among children who had been attending school.

Mrs. Laura Lee, Mrs. Samuel Shoop and Miss Rebecca Derstine, who conduct fraternity houses at State College, spent a few days last week at their respective homes.

William B. Fiedler moved his household goods to State College, Tuesday. The vacated property was immediately occupied by Milton Bradford and Sheridan Garis moved into the Grove property, vacated by Mr. Bradford.

Boyd Lucas, who has been in New York City for some years and is a merchant tailor, is at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Lucas, on Sinking Creek. Mr. Lucas is very much pleased with the great city.

Stewart, the ten-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. James Callahan, who live on he Potter farm, had a grain of corn lodge so securely in his ear, one day last week, that it became necessary to have him taken to the Bellefonte hospital to remove it.

John Woods and Charles Klinger, both of Boalsburg, were in town last Friday. The former is tenant on the Frank Brown farm now owned by T. S. Boal, and is getting along nicely. The latter owns and farms the John Fortney farm, and makes poultry a side line, the Orpingtons being his preferred breed.

NEWS OF 1881.

Notes Taken From Files of The Centre Reporter of Thirty-four Years Ago.

January 13th—Sheriff Spangler has only four grub eaters in his county boarding house.

D. C. Keller got back from a flying trip to Illinois. He found all the Centre county folks in a flourishing condition.

Elias W. Hale of Bellefonte has been appointed District Deputy Grand Master of the Masonic order in Centre and Clearfield counties.

On Friday night last the bigger part of Centre Hall's young ladies and gents sleighed to Prof. Bitner's home near Penn Hall, where they came in contact with a huge turkey and knocked all the stuffing out of it.

Rev. Fischer of this place boasts of the boss hen. During the last few weeks she had been hatching a lot of eggs, and the other day she was rewarded by a brood of chicks. We think, however, that they were frozen out instead of hatched.

Profs. Wm. T. Meyer of Aaronsburg and Lowell Meyer of Centre Hall bore leading parts in the recent musical convention at Freeburg and elicited much applause, the former as pianist and the latter as a soloist.

Married—On the 4th inst., at the residence of Daniel Horner, by Rev. J. K. Miller, Jacob Sprow and Miss Catharine F. Horner, both of Potter township. On the 4th inst., by Rev. S. M. Roeder, William Reiber and Miss Mary E. Deckert, both of Potter township. On December 16th, 1880, by Rev. J. C. Oliver, J. Elmer Campbell of Linden Hall, and Miss Nettie A. Love, daughter of the late Hon. W. W. Love of Centre Hall.

January 20th—Centre Hall's young folks are taking advantage of the sleighing. Last Thursday evening quite a party sleighed to Shannon Boal's, near Linden Hall, and report having had a jolly time.

The editor has gone to the nation's capital, accompanied by Wm. Wolf.

Prof. Feehrer, the well known band master, is at present instructing the Centre Hall band. The band has reorganized lately and now consists of ten members. We suppose the professor will make it one of the best bands around.

The contract for the school house at Potters Mills was awarded to Horace Zerby of this place, his bid, $1450, being the lowest. The house is to be brick and two stories high, one room above and one below.

Letter From Former Resident.

M. P. Breon, son of Perry W. Breon, who is in business under the firm name of McClellan & Breon, in Camden, New York, writes under date of November 23rd, an interesting letter concerning the wide-awake little city in which he is located. The letter follows:

"We are having fine sleighing and prospects are good for it to stay and hope it can. It certainly will be better for business in all lines, although we have been very busy this season along the plumbing and roofing lines. We have just completed the plumbing and heating contract in our Emergency Hospital of which we are rather proud.

"We hope to have a sewer system in our village this coming year which will be a great addition; we have a good system of water works and fine electric light system, an arc light system for lighting our street and parks. In connection with all our village conveniences we have now a fine line of state road from Camden to New York City, via Utica and Albany, and within a year or two expect to have them connected to the prominent resorts in the Adirondacks. We are rather proud of our village of 2500 inhabitants, of course we want it better if we can have it.

"Very truly,
"M. P. BREON."

Entertainment To-Night.

"Our Minister's Honeymoon," a musical comedy, will be given by the best young talent of Millheim, tonight (Thursday), in Grange Arcadia. The play is a sequel to "The New Minister" and those who laughed at the amusing incidents in the pre-nuptial experiences of the eminent divine should follow him in "Our Minister's Honeymoon," which is equally as funny. There will be lots of good singing and an evening of fun is assured. Admission, 25c; reserved seats, 35c.

The Thanksgiving Service.

The union Thanksgiving service held in the United Evangelical church in Centre Hall was more largely attended than last year. The sermon was by Rev. W. H. Williams, pastor of the Methodist church, and was of unusual interest. The president's Thanksgiving proclamation was read by Dr. W. H. Schuyler. Rev. R. R. Jones and Rev. F. H. Foss were also present and assisted in conducting the service.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

HAPPENINGS OF LOCAL INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS

William Shoop of Bellefonte spent Thanksgiving Day in Centre Hall.

Mrs. Lucy Henney killed three porkers, Friday, that produced over a half ton of meat.

Henry Mitterling, a Franklin and Marshall student, was home over Thanksgiving.

Many farmers took advantage of the Indian summer weather during the past week by plowing their fields.

Dr. and Mrs. H. F. Bitner and son Lynn spent Thanksgiving Day in Pittsburgh as guests of their son, Harry Bitner.

Miss Elizabeth Boozer, who teaches a public school at Ramey, Clearfield county, was home over the Thanksgiving season.

Mrs. P. McManus of Harrisburg was at the home of her sister, Mrs. William Bower, last week, to lay in a supply of meats for the winter.

Robert Meyer, who is employed in the State-Centre electric light plant at State College, was at the home of his parents over Thanksgiving.

Prof. L. O. Packer, instructor in mathematics in one of Pittsburgh's large high schools, spent a few days over Thanksgiving with his family in Centre Hall.

John B. Reish, who for a year or more was employed on a farm near Phoenixville, is now employed by the State, and is one of a force of men to take charge of a park in that section.

George F. Potter announces sale for March 5th. He is located on the Stoner farm, one mile north of Tusseyville. Aaron Detwiler will begin farming on that place when Mr. Potter quits.

Bruce Harter, son of Mr. and Mrs. Aaron Harter of Harrisburg, was the guest of his aunt, Mrs. Rebecca Murray, Friday. Mr. Harter is in the employ of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company in the capacity of a blacksmith.

It cost Samuel Lingle of Georges Valley twenty dollars for shooting a pheasant without having a hunter's license. The fine was collected by W. C. Kerstetter of Coburn, a special deputy game protector. The pheasant was sent to the Bellefonte hospital.

Miss Sara Neff, accompanied by Miss Mary Laws, spent the Thanksgiving season at the home of her parents, Prof. and Mrs. C. R. Neff, near Centre Hall. On Saturday she entertained at her home Misses Marcia Lovett and Nora Whalen. The young ladies are all co-eds at Pennsylvania State College.

Don't forget the bazaar, in Bartholomew's ice cream parlor, by the Ladies' Aid Society of the M. E. church. It will open Friday evening at six o'clock and continue until Saturday evening. Many beautiful things will be on sale, the majority of which will serve as Christmas gifts. A light lunch will be served.

William Bradford, one of the Centre county farmers who is located in Chester county, was in the Seven Mountains after deer, but failed to land game, although his party had five to their credit. Mr. Bradford states that conditions in Chester county, aside from the severe drought, are first class. The crops were all good, and the Centre county people there are prospering.

The Millheim Journal, last week, said in regard to building up the burnt section of the borough: S. Ward Gramley, the owner of the corner lot has declared his intention of building as soon as the weather will permit, which will probably be in the early spring. If his present plans are carried out he will erect a one-story structure over almost the entire lot, and have at least seven business rooms in the building.

Dr. James Hedley, who lectured on "What is a Man Worth," in Grange Hall on Friday night, merits all the press compliments that have been paid him. He is a forceful, logical and entertaining speaker, and for nearly two hours held his audience spellbound by his magnetic eloquence. He has a keen sense of humor and shifted from the serious things of life to lighter vein with all the grace of a polished orator.

Naturally Mrs. J. R. Gephart was feeling extremely sad for several days after the fire, says the Millheim Journal, because she was a very heavy loser, much of her household goods, cooking utensils, clothing, etc., having been consumed in the flames, and she and her son, Joseph, had little left to wear and were scant in necessary housefurnishings. But her many friends in Millheim came to her relief on Saturday evening and surprised her with a bountiful kitchen shower. Considerable undergarments for herself and son were also donated.

RUSSIANS SPLIT ENEMY AT LODZ

German Army Declared to be Cut Into Three Parts.

Campaign Against Warsaw Frustrated, Russians Say.

(Latest Summary.)

Terrific fighting continues in Poland, in the neighborhood of Lodz, where, according to a semi-official statement at Petrograd, the Russians have cut the German army under General Mackenben into three parts. On the other hand, an official statement at Berlin says the Germans have checked the Russians in that neighborhood and have made successful counter-attacks.

It is announced at Berlin that Emperor William is now with the German army in the East.

Attacks and counter-attacks continue in the neighborhood of Ypres, in Belgium, without materially changing the situation.

Slackening of the Germans' heavy artillery fire in Belgium and France, was noticed in Sunday's fighting in Belgium and France, according to an official announcement at Paris, which says that the cannonading, though active, was carried on with lighter guns, and that "under these conditions the artillery struggle has turned particularly to our advantage."

In a report from the front, Field Marshal Sir John French, commander of the British forces, declares that the Allies, by their tactics in France and Belgium, have "tied down" in that territory the bulk of the German army, preventing the diversion of troops to the East, and have inflicted upon the Germans losses outnumbering 3 to 1 the losses sustained by themselves.

17,000 LOSS TO GERMANS.

Lemberg Advices Tell Of Toll In Three Days' Battle.

Lemberg, Galicia, via Petrograd and London.—In operations lasting three days in the vicinity of Strykow, 15 miles northeast of Lodz and Tushin, an equal distance to the south of this city, the Germans lost upward of 17,000 men, a heavy battery of artillery and 28 machine guns, according to authoritative information made available in Lemburg.

In the same fighting the Austrians lost 16,000 men, in addition to 20 machine guns.

The German operations in this locality are declared by Russian military observers in Lemberg to have been absolute failures, and the chance of their escaping further disaster is regarded here as slight.

BOMB NEAR U. S. CONSULATE

Breaks Windows and Kills Several Persons Outside.

Washington, D. C.—A bomb from a German airship fell in front of the American Consulate at Warsaw, breaking the windows of the consulate, but injuring no one within, according to a telegram dated today from American Ambassador Marye at Petrograd. Several persons in the street in front of the consulate were killed and wounded, but none of them were Americans. The incident was regarded here as indicating the proximity of the German advance guard to Warsaw.

76,000 AGAINST SUEZ.

Berlin Message Tells Of 10,000 Bedouins and 500 Camels.

Amsterdam, via London.—According to a Berlin message to the Telegraaf, Cairo reports that 76,000 Turkish troops under Izzet Pasha are marching against the Suez Canal. This army includes 10,000 Bedouins, with 500 camels. The reports also state that the Turks have built a field railway to the Elnakel Oasis.

The road to the Suez Canal, according to the dispatch, is barricaded by the British with a long line of trenches and with artillery positions.

OVER $600,000,000 FOR AUSTRIA.

Prices Of Provisions In Hungary Fixed By Decree.

London. — Subscriptions to the Austro-Hungarian war loans continued in large amounts through the last day on which the lists were open, says a Reuter's dispatch from Vienna. The total of the subscriptions was more than 3,000,000,000 crowns ($600,000,000).

The Official Gazette of Budapest publishes a decree, according to these advices, fixing the prices which may be charged for wheat, rye, barley, maize, potatoes, rice and flour.

ARMENIANS ATTACKED.

Holy War Call Brings Riots In Erzerum.

Petrograd, via London.—A dispatch received here from Odessa describes an outbreak of fanatical rioting in Erzerum.

Dispatches reaching Odessa from this Turkish city say that following the posting of a proclamation calling the Mohammedans to a holy war all the Armenian clubs, churches and schools were demolished by a mob. Four Armenians, including one woman, were killed on the street.

NEW GERMAN ARMY FIGHTS TO BREAK GRIP OF RUSSIANS

—:o:—

Kaiser Rushes Troops From East Prussia to Save Advance Column Caught in Net in Poland

—:o:—

CZAR'S ARMIES TURNED TO MEET FORCES OF RELIEF

—:o:—

LATEST OFFICIAL REPORTS ON THE WAR SITUATION

PETROGRAD.—The following statement from the Russian General Staff was made public here:

On the left bank of the Vistula our troops, advancing from the lower part of the Bzura River, have reached Gombin.

In the centre of the battle line we captured the town of Brzeziny and the villages in the valley of the Mroga River.

In some places we dislodged the Germans by bayonet attacks. Our offensive in this region continues.

Between Brzeziny and Glowno our cavalry succeeded in several charges against the German infantry.

During the retreat of the enemy we captured a number of field guns, some with their teams complete. We are computing the number of the prisoners captured.

Among the German troops we pushed back from Rzgow and Tuszyn toward Brzeziny was a division of the Prussian guard.

In the region of Sgierz and Strykow we attacked the Germans toward Lodz. Between Sgierz and Sdunska Wola some German troops are still holding themselves in their trenches.

In general, between the Vistula and the Warta, the fighting is favorable to our arms.

FRENCH BULLETIN.

PARIS.—The French War Office gave out an official announcement which said:

The slackening of the artillery fire of the enemy was noted all along the line. Two Infantry attacks directed against the heads of bridges which we had thrown down on the right bank of the Yser, to the south of Dixmude, were easily repulsed.

In the Argonne some infantry attacks resulted in the loss and then the recapture of certain trenches. The men engaged in this fighting never exceeded a battalion. The ground lost and then retaken was never more than twenty-five yards.

Along the heights of the Meuse and in the Vosges there is nothing to report.

BERLIN'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

BERLIN, (By Wireless Telegraph to London).—An official announcement given out in Berlin says:

English ships did not attack the coast of Flanders again. There have been no actual changes along the battle front in the western arena. To the north of Langemarck we have taken a group of houses and made a number of prisoners.

Our attack in the Argonne region has made further progress. French attacks in the neighborhood of Apremont and to the east of St. Mihiel were repulsed.

RUSHING REINFORCEMENTS.

Petrograd.—The Germans are bringing reserves from Prussia and from Danzig, and these troops are making train journeys of from one to four days to the frontier. Thence it takes five or six days marching to reach the fringe of the present battleground.

The Russians have part of their strength only turned inward on this position in a kind of siege operation, but the main army is thrown outward over a wide area in order to resist a determined effort now being made again from Thorn to reach the isolated German advance column.

BULWARK'S LOSS A MYSTERY.

London.—The British navy suffered the loss of a battleship and at least 736 officers and men in a manner which mystifies and alarms the public.

The pre-dreadnaught Bulwark, of 15,000 tons and built at a cost of £1,000,000 ($5,000,000), blew up at her moorings off Sheerness in the estuary of the Thames and barely thirty-five miles from London.

The known facts are that a tremendous explosion occurred at 7.53 A. M., while officers and crew were about their ordinary duties—it is reported that the band was playing—and in three minutes the shattered hulk of the ship had disappeared beneath the surface.

BRITISH WAR LOAN A SUCCESS.

Despite $1,750,000,000 Offering Allotments Are Cut Down.

London.—The statements concerning the success of the $1,750,000,000 war loan have been officially confirmed.

The largest banking applicants will get a small percentage.

The city places the total applications for the new loan of £350,000,000 ($1,750,000,000) at £365,000,000 ($1,825,000,000). These bonds are quoted in the market at par, plus commissions.

Two British Ships Sunk by Submarines; Mine Destroys Third

London Stunned by New Disaster Following Loss of the Bulwark—Admiralty Cannot Still Rumors That Battleship Was Blown Up by Torpedo.

London.—A thrill of apprehension ran through London when it was learned that, following hard on the mysterious destruction of the battleship Bulwark at Sheerness, three British ships had been blown up in English waters.

German submarines, operating off Havre, were responsible for the loss of two merchant vessels, while the collier Khartoum was sunk, according to the Admiralty, by a mine near Grimsby.

The repeated successes of the Kaiser's submarines have stunned the public. Their achievement off Havre, which would indicate the under-sea craft passed with impunity the Straits of Dover, a shallow passage only twenty-one miles wide, have aroused the liveliest fears as to the extent of their powers.

Doubt Bulwark Story.

In spite of the repeated assurance of the Admiralty that the Bulwark could not have been a victim of a submarine, the general public is far from convinced that such was not the case.

The crew of the collier Khartoum was taken off and landed at Grimsby.

Kaiser's Army Seeks Way Out of Czar's Trap

Retiring Invaders in Poland Use Every Effort to Push Northward.

Petrograd.—Officials who have the ear of the Ministry of the War have been told privately that the Russians have won the greatest victory of modern times between the Warthe and the Vistula and about sixty miles west of Warsaw.

The report is that the Grand Duke Nicholas's armies have utterly crushed a large part of Gen. von Hindenburg's army, have captured or destroyed more than 60,000 men and have cut off the retreat of the surviving corps.

The German counter offensive, under Lieut.-Gen. von Mackensen, was halted about twenty-five miles east of Czentochowa and driven back. Von Mackensen was forced to abandon Von Hindenburg's troops to their fate. Meanwhile the Russian advance in East Prussia was never delayed an hour and is reported to be nearing Insterburg.

The unofficial news is that Cossacks are driving Austrian rear guards into Cracow and that Russian guns are shelling the city from the northeast and the southeast.

EPITOME OF WAR NEWS

The Portuguese Congress decided that Portugal should co-operae with the Allies when it considers the step necessary. The Minister of War will issue a decree for partial mobilization.

Washington reported that a bomb hurled by a German aeroplane broke the windows of the United States Consulate at Warsaw and killed several persons in the street.

Off Havre two British ships were sunk by a German submarine and a British collier was destroyed by a mine off the English coast at Grimsby.

The British dreadnaught Audacious, sunk by a mine or torpedo in the Irish Sea, has been raised and towed to Belfast for repairs.

Winston Churchill depreciated Britain's losses at sea. He said the British navy had paralyzed Germany's commerce, and could retain its supremacy if it should lose one dreadnaught a month, for a year, in which time Britain will have fifteen new ships of this class.

The following was given cut by the German Official Bureau: "Our troops, under Gen. von Mackensen at Lodz and Lowicz inflicted heavy losses on the Fifth Russian armies. In addition to many killed and wounded we have in our possession about 40,000 uninjured prisoners, 70 cannon, 160 ammunition wagons, and 156 machine guns, while we destroyed 30 cannon."

A despatch from Berne says reports from a reliable source set forth that the French losses up to Nov. 1, were 130,000 men killed, 370,000 wounded and 167,000 missing.

BATTERY A FOR SOUTH BETHLEHEM

Demonstrates Value of Turtle As Pest Killer.

MOTHERS' PENSION BOARDS

Former Title Of Philadelphia Body Goes To Northampton Organization—To Fight Abolition Of Internal Affairs Post.

Harrisburg.—Application of citizens of South Bethlehem for the organization of a battery of field artillery to be mustered into the National Guard has been approved, and it will be officially designated as Battery A. Taking a title which has been vacant since shortly after the Spanish war when Battery A of Philadelphia became a troop of cavalry. It is planned to issue the necessary orders for the muster in of the battery within six weeks. Citizens of South Bethlehem are erecting an armory and have given assurance of use of thirty acres of ground for drills and training of horses, the erection of stables and furnishing of twenty-five horses and requisition will be made to the War Department for material so that the guns will be on hand when the armory is finished. This will give the State four batteries.

Under instructions from the Governor, Adjutant General Stewart will issue orders for the muster into the National Guard within the next two weeks of a field hospital at Tacony, Philadelphia. This will be known as Field Hospital No. 2 and will likely be commanded by Captain Elmer E. Keiser, medical corps, National Guard.

The Winter inspection of organizations of the National Guard by army officers to determine their readiness for field service will begin soon after the new year. This is separate from the inspection by the officers of the guard. The cavalry inspection will begin January 4 and the infantry inspection will begin January 11 and February 15. The dates for the inspection by State officers have not been determined.

Want Late Deer Season.

"Deer hunters and many men interested in hunting throughout Pennsylvania will ask the next Legislature to change the deer hunting season and I sincerely trust that a change of the season to make it run from December 1 to 15 will be made," declared Dr. Joseph Kalbfus, secretary of the State Game Commission. "The season just closed has been very successful, but there have been people killed and the change in the law should be made on humanitarian grounds, if so no other."

"After December 1 the leaves are all off the trees and the bird hunters have finished up their hunting," he continued. "With the leaves off there is less danger of people being killed and the number of accidents will be greatly reduced. Deer can be better tracked and as snow comes early in December in some quarters it will be better for hunting."

Value Of Turtle As Pest Killer.

State Zoologist H. A. Surface is of the opinion that the average Pennsylvanian does not know how useful as destroyers of pests are snakes, frogs, salamanders and other creatures. He has just issued a bulletin on turtles which he says is the most complete collection of turtle lore ever put out, equalling his bulletin which demonstrated that the snake was a friend of the farmer and that the bullfrog could do something besides make a noise. The turtle, he says, is a valuable adjunct in destroying pests; it cleans out snails, grasshoppers, crickets and beetles, keeps down toadstools and mushrooms; helps destroy mosquitoes and keeps the balance of power among fishes.

State Conscience Fund Enriched.

The State Treasury has been enriched by a fifty-cent piece mailed from Reading. The money came wrapped in several thicknesses of paper, enough paper to safeguard a thousand-dollar bill, and not a line of writing to tell why it was mailed. It was addressed to the "State Treasurer, Capitol, Harrisburg." The officials sent it to the conscience fund.

Internal Affairs Post.

Friends of Henry Houck, Secretary of Internal Affairs, are lining up to defeat the proposed constitutional amendment to abolish the Department which passed the last Legislature and which, if it passes the next General Assembly, will go before the voters in November.

Mothers' Pension Boards Renamed.

Governor Tener announced the reappointment of the Boards of Trustees of Mothers' Pension Boards for the counties of Luzerne, Schuylkill, Allegheny and Beaver.

PENNSYLVANIA CHARTERS.

State charters have been granted to the following:

Carver W. Reed Loan Company, Philadelphia, capital $400,000. Treasurer, Carver W. Reed.

The Super Glass Company, Philadelphia, capital $100,000. Treasurer, Jacob W. Vodges.

Trades Union Publishing Company, Philadelphia, capital $5,000. Treasurer, Leon Kraft.

KEYSTONE STATE IN SHORT ORDER

Latest News Happenings Gathered From Here and There.

TOLD IN SHORT PARAGRAPHS

Celebrate Anniversary Of Lookout Mountain—Nitroglycerine Blows Man and Team To Bits.

Founder's Day at Susquehanna University was observed by the decoration of a sixty-foot flag pole. Dr. F. P. Manhart, dean of the school of theology, was orator of the day. The flag was hoisted by Dr. David B. Floyd and Joseph Lumbard, local veterans who fought in the Battle of Lookout Mountain, of which conflict Tuesday was the fifty-first anniversary.

Three thousand quarts of nitroglycerine exploded in a magazine belonging to the Cupler Torpedo Company, Titusville, killing Ralph Tubbs, aged thirty-nine, an employe of the company. The building, the team driven by Tubbs and the man himself were blown to bits. Nothing was found of Tubbs or the wagon he had driven to the magazine.

A statement made by Schuylkill county banks shows that the Christmas clubs of Schuylkill county have saved six hundred thousand dollars for Christmas. This is an average of three dollars for every man, woman and child in the county. The Schuylkill Trust Company alone has $150,000 on deposit by these clubs, which will be distributed this week.

Droz Snyder, the fourteen-year-old son of Senator Charles A. Snyder, of Pottsville, was seriuosly burned when he lit a match to look into a gasoline tank on an auto. The tank exploded. Although Snyder is painfully burned about the face, physicians say he will not lose his sight.

Mrs. Anthony Tremko, twenty-five years old, of Taylor, stood over the kitchen stove at her home in Scranton and poured kerosene on some wood to which she had touched a match. Her body, burned to a crisp, was found by her husband.

For "beating" his way from Pottstown to Norristown on a train, William Smith, a Civil War veteran, who claims that he is eighty-two years old, was sent to jail by Magistrate Clark. Smith says he was trying to get to the Soldiers' Home at Hampton Roads.

Fire of unknown origin, descovered in the basement of the department store of County Commissioner J. Denny O'Neil, McKeesport, destroyed that building and damaged buildings on each side, entailing a loss estimated at $177,000.

Caught with a basket containing two dead geese August Ott, thirty-one years old, of Reading, told the police that he had stolen to keep his family from starving. Officers sent to his house found that the family have subsisted on a loaf of bread for several days.

More than a carload of food and clothing and almost $300 in cash were sent to Philadelphia from Shamokin, to be added to donations from other centers for the relief of the Belgian war sufferers.

Virgil Hunt, of Stroudsburg, and Howard Demund, of Delaware Water Gap, patients at the Rittersville State Hospital, escaped by using sheets, from which they made a rope to get to the ground.

Fire destroyed the barn on the farm of William Oyler, near Camp Hill, burning seventeen cows and all the crops and wagons. This is the third barn owned by Mr. Oyler to be burned within a week.

Miss Nellie M. Cronin, of St. Davids, and Joseph M. McGee, postmaster of South Bethlehem, were married in the Church of the Holy Infancy. Rev. R. J. McGettigan, the rector, performed the ceremony.

Just after expressing a desire for a sandwich, which a son hastened to prepare, George J. Hyde, of Fullerton, a Civil War veteran, fell dead. He was eighty-six years old.

James McArdle, one of the many applicants for the postoffice at Nesquehoning, which carries with it a salary of $1,700 per annum, has been notified of his appointment.

Walking on the Lehigh New England track with head lowered against the wind John Berock, aged thirty-five years, did not hear the whistle of an approaching engine and was killed.

There are two cases of children with enlargement of the tongue, a rare disease, at the Allentown Hospital. In each case the child was born with a tongue double normal size.

Rev. William Stroheimer, pastor of the Schoeneck Moravian Church, Easton, fell from a ladder on the church property and fractured an arm in two places.

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The Ambition of Mark Truitt

By HENRY RUSSELL MILLER

Author of "THE MAN HIGHER UP," "HIS RISE TO POWER," Etc.

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CHAPTER XXIX—Continued.

Piotr did not move from his corner. "Ah!" It was almost a sob. "They're still for you against everybody, against me. It was always so. Everybody was for you. You had everything. It came easy to you. It came hard to me, so hard I could never do anything or get anything. It—"

"Yes, yes, Piotr, I know. But we're going to change that now. Come along—the rain's stopped and I must hurry."

"To get back to her, I suppose?" Piotr sighed.

"I must get back to her. Come on."

"I don't think I—" Piotr's words came between gasps. Something seemed to be choking him. "In a minute. I—I must get—some things."

Mark looked quickly back over his shoulder, caught by an odd change in the plaintive voice. Dusk was gathering rapidly, deepening the shadows in the shed, and he could barely see the figure fumbling about in his corner. There was a pause—Piotr's search seemed to have been successful—then a metallic click. Mark whirled sharply on him.

"Piotr—!"

"Ah!" It was not a sob now, but a low gutteral growl, throbbing with hate and triumph.

Piotr, too, whirled. From his corner a point of flame leaped out toward Mark, another—another—until six

From Piotr's Corner a Point of Flame Leaped Out Toward Mark.

shots had rung out. At the last Mark's head drooped forward, his body swayed slowly and fell in a crumpled heap across the doorway. . . .

When he awoke he was being dragged by his wounded shoulder in such fashion that his head scraped along the floor. He did not realize so much, merely that his pain had increased a hundredfold. He tried to cry out, but could only lie limp and silent. Then he felt a hand passing over his face and a voice that seemed very far away muttering fretfully.

"I wonder if you're dying or shamming. It would be like you to sham. I didn't mean to shoot then. I didn't want you to die until you knew the mills were gone. But I had to—when you looked at me that way, I had to."

Mark heard, but the words meant nothing to him. The voice muttered on; detached sentences came to him.

"It isn't so easy as I thought. . . . I'd better go now, while I can. . . . I'm afraid. I never drove a horse. . . . Twice, coming here, I fell. I thought I was dead, but it didn't go off—I don't know why. . . . I'd like to tell you about Kazia's doctor. I saw them one night and followed them. You wouldn't believe it of her, would you? It nearly killed me. . . . It was your fault. You ran away from her. . . . It would be easy to drive off the road and fall in the dark. . . . I'm tired, and I tremble. Seeing you makes it worse. . . . I keep wondering what they'll do to me. . . . When the mills are gone, I'm coming back to you. I guess you'll stay. . . Maybe I'd better finish you now—you're so lucky always."

Mark felt the hand again, now at his throat, pressing hard. He tried to protest: "That is quite superfluous," but the pressure would not let him. When blackness was closing in on him once more, the grip relaxed.

But he did not quite lose consciousness this time. He heard the other move about, still muttering, then pass out. The sound of wheels and the horse's tramping through the tall weeds died away in the distance.

At first Mark lay inert. A mortal weakness held him. He could realize only the pain. He wanted nothing but to lie prone and motionless. . . . A disturbing thought began to tug at his brain. He ought not to be there. There was a thing he must do, some one he must see. What was it?

"Kazia!" The name gave him a thrilling shock that sharpened the pain but cleared his mind a little.

And the mills! The mills! Kazia and the mills! The two thoughts were inextricably mingled.

With a rush came realization of his plight. Piotr, the puny whimpering madman who cringed before a squall, had shot him and was on his way to blow up the mills. Piotr must be forestalled. With an effort he forced his eyes open and held them so until the first giddiness passed. He raised his head; it fell back with a thud.

"I can't do it," he groaned.

But the mills—and Kazia!

"I've got to do it. I must stop him. I must get to her."

Then began a fight to sit up, to stand, to beat off the invisible hands trying to drag him back into the blackness. How long the struggle lasted, by what degrees he progressed, he did not know; but when it was over he was leaning weakly against the door jamb. His brain was reeling, he breathed sobbingly, but by bracing himself desperately with the cane, recovered in the struggle to stand, he managed to hold what he had won.

His brain cleared again, a little steadiness came to the trembling limbs. Summoning all his will, he passed with uncertain dragging steps out of the shed. A cold damp wind breathed refreshingly upon him. He gripped his cane more tightly and started slowly down the weedy road.

He reached the foot of the hill and sank down in a little rain pool, rested pantingly and laved his hot face a few minutes, then staggered to his feet and limped on until weakness overcame him once more and he fell. . . .

More than an hour later he was still lurching along the road. Kazia and the mills! They were in danger, they were being taken from him; he must save them.

So he beat his way slowly along moonlit stretches of rough road, through darkened ravines where only instinct found a path, until at last, rounding a curve, he saw the furnace looming huge before him.

As hours passed and Mark did not return, a sense of an approaching crisis, of a danger, came to Kazia. The squall died away, full darkness fell, the train she was to have taken with Piotr rolled to a stop at the station and out again, and still he had not returned. The sense grew heavier, passive waiting unbearable. To escape her foreboding she went out into the night and walked about again in the place she had once thought of as a haven. But she quickly left the rambling old village, seen for the first time, yet holding so many memories of which she must not think, and went over to the new Bethel with its wide paved streets and rows of pretty little cottages. Many of the cottages were dark and untenanted as yet, but she saw them as they would be when they were the homes of a happy folk who toiled without exhaustion or fear, with kindness in their hearts one for another.

She left the cluster of homes-to-be and retraced her steps over the street that led past the mills to the bridge, started to cross. But at the entrance she stopped. Everywhere it was the same, a redolence of him. After all, to her Bethel, the haven, was just Mark Truitt.

All her fine resolutions and philosophy had become insufficient. The sight of the river, the woods in their autumnal glory, the song of the rapids had revivified the scenes of her one happiness.

She did not think that there might be some to see. She was weeping, head bowed on the bridge rail.

"Oh, I shouldn't have come. I want him—him. And I have no right to have him. It would be the cruelest thing I could do to him—even if he cared. I was wrong to come."

Thus she told hope—the immortal!—it must not live. . . .

Old Simon had no skill for it and hence no part in the building of the mills. But he spent his days watching them grow. Often at night, when Bethel was sleeping, he would slip across the river to realize again that after so many years his dreams were coming magnificently true.

That night he left his seat on the stoop, where he had been wonderingly but patiently awaiting the absent Mark, and trudged down to the river and across the bridge. He saw the figure leaning on the rail at the farther end, but not until he was close did he see it was that of a weeping woman. He would have turned aside, but he perceived that she had heard him and lifted her head.

He stopped short, staring in astonishment at the woman, a sort that had never before come within his ken.

After a moment's hesitation he went to her.

"Is anything wrong, ma'am?"

She shook her head.

"Is there anything I kin do fur ye?"

Again the silent gesture.

"If there is," he persisted: "I'd like to do it fur ye."

She found her voice. "It is nothing." She tried to smile. "Sometimes women cry for nothing, about little things."

"Some women do," Simon answered gravely. "I guess ye're a stranger here, ain't ye? I'm Simon Truitt."

She started. "You're his father?"

Simon noted the unconscious use of the pronoun. "Mark's, ye mean? Yes, ma'am. Did ye know him, back there in the city?"

She nodded, not trusting herself to speak, and turned her face from the moonlight. She seemed to be struggling again with a rising sob.

Simon found himself peering, closely and unintentionally, into her eyes. He stepped hastily back and heard himself speaking with a boldness he did not recognize.

"Mebby it was fur him ye were—But I hadn't oughter ask that. Mebby it's fur ye he's be'n grievin'?"

"It couldn't be that."

"I've wondered. Often I've come on him when he thought he was alone, jest settin' and lookin' at nothin'—an' grievin', I know." Simon's face, too, sought the shadow. "I know."

"It might be because of me but not—not for me."

"Not because he wants ye, ye mean? But it could be that. 'Tain't likely he'd find two such women as ye, even in the city. An' 'tain't likely he'd trouble so much, if there wasn't a woman in it. I wish ye could give him what he needs."

"What he needs is to have his life made over from the beginning. He can't have that."

"If he's jest wantin' some one, there's a way he could have it."

"You don't understand," she said wearily.

"No, I don't understand. That's the trouble. I'd like to help him, to give him what he needs. But I don't know how. There's nothin' I can give him."

He turned his face away from her, looking up at the furnace, big and menacing, outlined against the sky. There was silence among the mills. From the old village behind them came faint vague sounds of life—a distant tinkle of laughter, a crying child, a neighing horse. From the new town beyond the mills came no sound but a single voice in song, a wild eery chant that had been brought from another land. The song was finished. Kazia and Simon stirred, as though they had been waiting for its close to bring their strange encounter to an end.

"What's that?"

Both started. From somewhere near them had come a sudden muffled cackle of mirthless uncanny laughter.

"Sounds 's if it come from the furnace. There hadn't oughter be anybody 'round here. But I guess it's just the watchman in the power house. The still night makes it sound like that."

But even as he spoke they saw the figure of a man crawling from behind the furnace. He scrambled to his feet and began to run, with an awkward hobbling gait, up the tracks toward the bridge. The moonlight fell full on his face.

"Piotr!"

As the cry, in a voice he knew, reached him, the man stopped suddenly, stared wildly about and saw the two figures advancing on him. He raised his hands in a frantic gesture.

"Kazia! Go back—go back!"

She did not heed his warning. "Piotr! What are you doing?"

"Go back!" he screamed. "You'll be killed. It's dynamite!"

Instantly the others guessed what impended. Kazia heard a low moan beside her, saw Simon run, as fast as his age-stiffened limbs allowed, toward the furnace, as if he thought to avert the imminent destruction.

"You mustn't!" she cried. "Come back!"

If the old man heard, he did not obey. She fled after him, in instinctive purpose to drag him back out of danger.

They reached Piotr, passed him. He stood bewildered, glancing uncertainly toward the refuge of the woods. Then, with a low whimpering cry, he, too, joined in that moonlight race. He could not have overtaken her, had she not tripped and fallen over a switch. He flung himself upon her, moaning shudderingly.

"Kazia, I didn't want to hurt you."

Simon sped on.

That was what Mark Truitt, crouching where he had last fallen, saw just before the explosion came. There was a hoarse deafening roar. The great furnace seemed to reel, then toppled and fell.

They found him weakly trying to remove the debris from a place near the edge of the ruin. They drew him aside and a hundred strong hands took up his task. Soon they found the dead Piotr and under him Kazia, still breathing. It was not until daybreak that they came to Simon.

Kazia was carried to the village and laid in Doctor Hedges' own house. All through the night and in the morning, until the great surgeon from the city came, he fought off death. Then the surgeon took up the fight with a knowledge and skill the old doctor did not possess. For two days they did not sleep but watched and battled.

In the adjoining room a man, himself the object of the doctor's care, passed through his Gethsemane. The dead, his own pain and weakness, all else, were forgotten in his agony for the one who, it seemed, could not live. Sometimes he would rise from the couch where they had laid him and creep into the other room to join the watchers there until the sight of the still, bandaged form became more than he could bear. Then he would let them lead him back to his couch. His lips moved constantly, in what words he did not know. Their burden was the cry of all Gethsemanes.

"Let this cup pass from me."

So the miracle was made perfect.

Toward the last of that watch his weakness began to overcome him. The doctors supposed he slept and said: "It is best." He did not sleep. He had lost sense of his surroundings but his brain was alive. He was fighting, struggling supremely, to hold her back from the precipice over which she was slowly falling. Once she seemed to be slipping from his clasp. He heard her piteous cry to him.

He rose with a start and tottered into her room.

"She called me," he whispered.

Hedges thought it was delirium and would have led him back to his couch. But Mark resisted.

"I tell you, she called me. I must see her."

"Let him," said the surgeon. "Probably it's his last chance."

Hedges released him and Mark went over to her. He dropped to his knees by the bedside and kissed, very gently, the arm outlined under the sheet.

"Kazia," he whispered. "My wife, my love, don't leave me! Can't you hear, dear?—the miracle has come!"

He thought that she sighed, as does a tired child when it sinks to sleep, and that a little smile touched the pale lips.

The others did not see, but then they had not heard her call.

CHAPTER XXX.

The Ultimate Purpose.

It was an Indian summer day, when the sun paused to smile genially back over his shoulder at the earth he was leaving to winter's cold mercy, and a warm wind blew softly. Toward noon Kazia, leaning on the doctor and his buxom wife, was helped to the front porch, where the Matka was waiting with cushions and shawls. In a big rocking chair the convalescent was made comfortable, with cushions at head and feet and the shawls tucked carefully around her.

"You're sure you're warm enough?" queried Mrs. Hedges, with needless anxiety.

"Quite sure. You all spoil me with kindness."

Mrs. Hedges gave a last pat to the cushion behind Kazia's head. "You take a deal of spoiling, I think, dearie."

Kazia sighed. "I'll hate to leave you." Tears, for some reason, were treacherously ready that morning.

"Then," drawled the doctor, "you're thinking of leaving us?"

"I must—soon." But under the doctor's twinkling gaze a girlish flush sprang into view—perhaps to keep the tears company.

"Too much color," chuckled the doctor. "Let me feel your pulse."

The crimson deepened and as instantly vanished.

"I've a cake in the oven," Mrs. Hedges suddenly remembered. "Doctor, I'll need you."

"Need me?" The doctor started. "Am I a—"

"At once, Doctor," came a stern command from the hall.

"Eh? Oh—!" A light broke in upon him and he chuckled again. "Coming, my dear, coming!"

The Matka, too, would have left her, but Kazia stayed her. "Don't go," she said in the Matka's tongue.

The old woman halted, irresolute. "He, your lover, will be coming soon." Timidly she laid a thin knotted hand on the scarf enshrouding Kazia's hair.

Kazia ignored that. "You will hate to leave this place, won't you?"

The Matka nodded. "There is peace here. Even the old smile and make jests, and they grow old easily, as a child grows into youth. And my Piotr is here." Her eyes sought a distant hillside, where white stones gleamed in the sunshine.

"But we must go. I don't belong here. What would these kind people think if they knew"—the voice broke a little—"what you know."

"They would think as I do. And I—I know nothing, except that you love and are loved. Such love I have never seen. It is not the love your mother and her lover had. All here know and

"This Is the First Time Since the Accident That I've Seen You Alone."

are glad of it. I do not think you can go and leave him unhappy." And the Matka stole away.

"It came too late."

Kazia's lips said that and the waiting tears overflowed, lingering gem-like on the fringe of closed lashes. A thousand times she had repeated the words to herself since the first hour of consciousness when she had seen him bending over her. She thought she believed it. But her fast-beating heart, as she awaited her lover's coming, sounded another answer.

The heavy throbbing ceased, began again, keeping time with a trampling of hoofs from down the street. Her closed eyes did not open even when the trampling ceased and she heard his step, punctuated by the ring of cane on gravel, until his step, too, ceased and she felt him near her, his gaze upon her. She dreaded to meet that gaze.

Slowly the reluctant lids opened . . . and dread took wings, like a night bird that had seen the first light. And the light in his eyes, transfiguring him for her, thrilling her with its summons, was not to be mistaken for the fire that had flamed there at other times, or for the pity of one seeing his cruelties working out.

"It is not too late," her heart was crying, and she tried in vain to stifle its song.

But he did not press her then with impetuous wooing.

"Do you realize," he said gravely, "this is the first time since the accident I've seen you alone?"

"Yes, I—" she began stammeringly. "The others have just gone in. If you call them, they will come."

"Then," he smiled reassuringly, "I will call them at once, for I have many things to show you today, and the doctor sets an absurd limit to our drive."

He rapped on the door and the doctor appeared, and behind him the Matka. Then, while the Matka piled the cushions in the seat, Mark and the doctor helped Kazia over the little walk and into the buggy.

"And mind you," the doctor adjured them, as Mark got in and the horse started, "two hours at the most—if you can keep track of the time!"

Then he gently led the Matka back into the house. For she, who had forgotten how to weep for sorrow, was weeping now for the joy awaiting Kazia.

First Mark drove, very slowly and carefully, through the old village and across the bridge until he came to its middle point. There he stopped.

The mills were no longer lifeless and silent. A row of giant stacks spouted clouds of heavy black smoke that fluttered lazily away in the breeze in long wavering pennons. Through the power house windows the watchers caught a glimpse of great flywheels whirling and bright pistons plunging. From the rolling mills beyond came a low monitory rumble of engines stirring tentatively, testing their sinews as they waited to pounce upon and torture the coming steel. And before them towered the rebuilt furnace, alive now and discordantly vocal with its first labor. Thither Mark pointed.

"Watch now! We're just in time. Our first tap!"

As he spoke, the shriek of the checked blast rose, drowning all other sounds, and the crew of men working at the furnace mouth sprang back. Out of a circle of darting fires forth leaped a molten deadly flood. A channel in the sloping sand-bed received it and bore it swiftly, in a dozen branches, to the waiting ladles. Little gaseous flames played impishly over the golden surface. The stench of burning sulphur arose. As the cascading flood filled the ladles, drops splashed out upon the ground and burst in a thousand tiny points of light.

Almost before Kazia realized it, the flood had subsided and the full ladles were moving away.

He drove on and took the long winding road that led past Hedges' Hill—though he did not remind her of his meeting with Piotr—and after many miles circled back to the village. They talked little, and perhaps that little was hardly worthy of a record. Kazia lay back in her cushions, her eyes following his hand as he pointed out some new beauty to her.

"How could you leave it?" she murmured, as often she had exclaimed when she had heard of it from the adventuring youth.

"But if I hadn't left it, I shouldn't have found you. So—I'm glad I went."

She made no answer to that.

Farther on they came to a branch road that once he had known. He followed it a while until there came to them a delicious spring-like fragrance. He stopped the horse again.

"I thought I could find it. See!"

He pointed to an old tree that stood, a mass of fresh green leaves and snowy blossoms, a little away from the roadside.

"What is it?"

"A pear tree."

"But it's autumn and I thought—" She glanced up at him wonderingly.

"Every fall that tree puts out a new set of leaves and blossoms. You see, there is new life even after spring has gone."

She looked long and earnestly at the blossoming tree. "But winter will come and the blossoms will wither—fruitless."

No longer could he refuse words to his longing.

"Ah! my dear," he cried, "let us forget signs and symbols. There is such a thing as new birth. And it's always spring where there is love. You will forgive me," he laughed unsteadily, "if I talk like a very young poet, for I am very, very happy today."

A touch of the old ready color was glowing faintly in her wan cheeks.

"Have you looked enough?" he smiled. "For, if you have, we must go. It will be getting chilly soon. And besides, they are waiting for us."

"Waiting—?"

"Yes. Didn't you know? Doctor Courtney is to marry us tonight."

The color vanished and she shrank back from him, lifting piteous pleading eyes to his.

"Oh, Mark, don't ask me that. I can't—I can't. Couldn't you let me have this day—"

"Did you think I'd let you go again? Did you think you could? Only one thing in the world could make me let you go—if you can say you don't love me. And you can't say that."

"No, I can't—say that. But don't ask me. Don't you see, it would be cruel to you—it would be worse for me. You forget now—but some day you would remember—that I— Ah! don't force me to say it!"

Her thin wasted hands went to her face, but he drew them away that she might see he had not flinched.

"Kazia, just this once we'll speak of the past, and then we'll put it forever away where the past belongs. One sin is much like another. And for every scar you have I can show many. I ask you to forgive, you have forgiven much. Can't you trust me to forget a little? And, dear, all that—all the sins and shadows—were part of a man and woman we have left behind."

She seemed so weak and fragile, lying there, this wraith of the old Kazia, torn by love and fear! A sudden mist shut her from his sight. An unspeakable tenderness welled up within him, lending to his husky broken phrases a supreme eloquence she needed to hear.

"But this love—the Kazia that called it to life—are part of the new life. It began those days when we thought you couldn't live and I learned what love is and what it would mean to lose

"Ah! Take Me!"

you. It will never end. Is it I you doubt? Dear, I know—I know. And I need you. Can't you understand, I need you? You won't, you can't, fail me now?"

"You don't know what you ask," she whispered. "But I can't fight against it any longer—I want you so. Only promise me—when you remember—you won't let me know."

"I promise. Kazia—!"

"Ah! Take me."

A sob shook her and she swayed toward him. He caught her and drew her very gently to him. . . . After a little she smiled through her tears.

It was evening and the others had gone, leaving them alone again.

There was no light but the glow of embers on the hearth in the little cottage that was to be their home for a while. But it was enough for them, in whose hearts the unquenchable torch was glowing, revealing beauties and glories they never had known. They sat very close, watching—and listening.

For the silence of the hills was ended forever. Throughout that day, as the iron they had seen flowing advanced toward its destiny, the new creature that had come into the valley had been awakening to full life. Section after section had received the life-giving power, until now all the huge mechanism was in motion, driving, whirling, pounding at top speed. The earth quivered in answer to its pulsation. Crunching metal, raging blasts, fires such as served at the creation, lifted their voices in chorus—an ode of the elements to man the master, the song of steel. A terrible song whose beauty only the understanding might discern—singing madly of power and passion and purpose, of struggle and death, of birth and life, of triumph and steadfast strength.

To the lovers, rich in the knowledge that comes only after sin and payment and release, the song came not in vain.

"Ought you to be there?" she whispered.

"Not tonight, dear."

"Could we see it from here?"

He helped her to a chair by the south window and stood at her side while she saw.

The night sketched the drama of steel for her. Again the great furnace was setting free its lambent flood. Under open sheds were gleaming the sun-bright mouths of other furnaces where the iron boiled and boiled and became steel.

"Ah!" Wonderment and adoration were in her cry. "And it is yours—it is you!"

"Not I, not mine! I don't know how many generations of men gave themselves that we might have that. I know it was not for me, for any man. For all who suffer and toil."

His face was set sternly toward the mills. For a long time he was silent.

"What is it?" And she broke the silence with a whisper. "What do you see out there?"

Sternness melted into tenderness.

"A parable," he smiled down on her, "of our lives—of life. Desire and disillusionment, battle and toil, conquest and failure, evil and shame—the fires and pressures that burn us and shape us." His hand rested on her hair. "And the purpose in which the real life begins."

"Ah! I wouldn't have you different. But to me—to me life isn't a parable—it is you. . . . This peace, this content—I can't believe yet that they are true, that they always will be true. Ah! Teach me, teach me!" . . ."

THE END.

Winthrop's Toast.

Our Country—whether bounded by the St. John's and the Sabine, or however otherwise bounded or described, and be the measures more or less—still, Our Country, to be cherished in all our hearts, to be defended by all our hands.—Robert C. Winthrop, July 4, 1845.

THE CENTRE REPORTER.
ISSUED WEEKLY.

CENTRE HALL - - PENN'A.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1914.

SMITH & BAILEY . . . . . Proprietors
S. W. SMITH . . . . . Editor
EDWARD E. BAILEY { Local Editor and Business Manager

Entered at the Post Office in Centre Hall as second Class mail matter.

TERMS.—The terms of subscription to the Reporter are one and one-half dollars per year.

ADVERTISING RATES—Display advertisement of ten or more inches, for three or more insertions, ten cents per inch for each issue. Display advertising occupying less space than ten inches and for less than three insertions, from fifteen to twenty-five cents per inch for each issue, according to composition. Minimum charge seventy-five cents.

Local notices accompanying display advertising five cents per line for each insertion; otherwise, eight cents per line, minimum charge, twenty-five cents.

Legal notices, twenty cents per line for three insertions, and ten cents per line for each additional insertion.

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS.

Presbyterian—Centre Hall, morning, communion.

Reformed—Union, morning; Spring Mills, afternoon; Centre Hall, evening. Third anniversary sermon.

Lutheran—Centre Hall, evening, Thankoffering service; vocal and instrumental music and addresses by State College students, representing the College Prohibition League.

LOCALS

John Stover of Boalsburg attended the Grange Thanksgiving supper.

Mifflin Moyer of Rebersburg attended the regular meeting of the Masonic order, Monday night.

Mrs. Samuel J. Wagner and two children of Boalsburg ate Thanksgiving dinner with her cousin, Mrs. A. P. Krape, in Centre Hall.

Hiram Lee of near Phoenixville was in Centre county last week. He reported Chester county as dry as Centre, and many springs failing.

Mrs. J. S. Getchell and son of Youngwood returned to their home on Saturday after a week's visit at the home of the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Cyrus Brungart.

Mr. and Mrs. Perry W. Breon, H. G. Strohmeier, and Dr. H. F. Bitner, on Monday, made a trip to State College. Each of the parties were interested in a special line of business.

Miss Tessie Wolfe, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Wolfe of Jersey Shore, is visiting at the homes of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Moyer and Mr. and Mrs. Bruce E. Runkle west of town.

Reserved seat tickets for the entertainment, "Our Minister's Honeymoon," under the auspices of the Millheim civic club, are on sale at this office. Prices, 25 and 35 cents.

John D. Meyer, cashier of the Second National Bank, Altoona, was in town on Saturday evening and Sunday, having been one of the many who attended the golden wedding anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Morris, in Bellefonte, on Saturday.

H. T. Weight of Renovo has leased the home of Clement Luse and will move into it when Mr. Luse begins farming operations next spring on the Luse farm now occupied by William Houser. Mr. Weight is a retired railroad shopman, and will make a first-class citizen.

The tax collector in the Yeagertown district set a good example to tax collectors in other localities when he caused the arrest of two men for the non-payment of taxes aggregating the sum of $1.33 apiece. One paid up immediately upon arrest, and the other after a day or two rest in jail. There is too much exonerating on the part of the authorities, the Yeagertown way being the better way.

A. S. Krebs and crew of railroad men are tearing up the rails east of Penns Cave station and replacing them with a heavier type. The present rail on the local branch weighs seventy pounds per pard; the new rails will weigh eighty-five pounds per yard. The heavier rail has supplanted the lighter on several divisions and in a short time the entire branch will be laid with the more serviceable steel.

Jacob Shearer must be considered as the champion raiser of big porkers, at least until such a time as someone else comes along and wrests the title from him. On Monday he killed six hogs, the heaviest of which weighed 565 lbs. Two others came within twenty-five pounds of the quarter ton mark and the remainder were not far behind. There was nothing said about the sausage, but it's a safe bet that if straightened out one end would almost reach Belgium.

Messrs. D. K. Keller and G. L. Goodhart, the former secretary and the latter treasurer of the Centre County Mutual Fire Insurance Company, the latter part of last week, adjusted the loss suffered by Samuel Hoy, when his barn burned. The full amount of the policies held were allowed, as follows: On buildings, $2505; on contents, $1152.52. The total loss is variously estimated, $6000 being a fair figure. One of the conditions on the policies issued by this company is that a barrel or other vessel filled with water and buckets be located between the engine and the barn. This condition was complied with by the insured, but the fire spread so rapidly that even with this precaution there was no chance to extinguish the fire.

Foot and Mouth Disease in Mifflin Co.

State inspectors from the Pennsylvania Livestock and Sanitary Board summoned to Mifflin county by the outbreak of the foot and mouth disease on the farm occupied by Oliver P. Harpster, east of Lewistown, confirmed the diagnosis of Dr. S. G. Hendren, local veterinary, that the cattle were suffering with the dread disease.

A number of the animals were gripped by the malady in its acute form and after a brief conference the decision was reached that the entire herd of twenty-five head should be destroyed as the most effective means to eradicate the disease from this section.

A flock of sheep kept upon the farm were also condemned and will be killed along with the cattle. The swine are housed in an isolated outbuilding and these animals will likely be spared.

Child Scalds Self.

The Reporter's Brushvalley correspondent reports this week that Gladys Hettinger, the two-year-old child of Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Hettinger, was badly scalded when it drew from the table a dish of hot cabbage, the entire contents falling on the upper part of its body. The little one's condition is regarded as critical.

Aaronsburg.

Prof. Walter N. Hess of Salamanca New York, but now an instructor at State College, was the welcome guest of his aunt, Mrs. Emma Hess.

Clymer Stover of Lewistown, a former resident of this place, was seen at the home of his brother-in-law, George Weaver.

Mrs. Emma Bair of Rebersburg was visiting at the homes of Mrs. Hess and Mrs. Deshler.

Perry Adams and family autoed to State College on Sunday.

Abner Hill broke one of his arms by being caught in the machine while threshing. The family have the sympathy of their friends.

There was quite a fire scare one day at Zwingli Hafley's. The summer house caught fire, but the flames were extinguished by the neighbors.

Thos. Weaver, who was employed at Akron, Ohio, and Wilkinsburg, Pa., for the past eight months, returned to his home to spend the winter months.

Alice Bright spent Thanksgiving Day at the home of her brother-in-law, Wm. Bitner, at Spring Mills.

Mr. and Mrs. Irvin Barner and daughter of Flemington spent Sunday at the home of their brother-in-law, Warren Winkleblech.

James Hoover and family of Mifflinburg were seen at the home of Perry Adams, on Sunday.

B. W. Rumberger of Hublersburg accompanied by Magdalena Weaver spent Sunday with the latter's mother, Mrs. Effie Weaver.

Harvey Reinbaugh and daughter of Altoona visited a few days at the home of Perry Adams.

Charles Stover and family, who are employed at State College, spent a few days at their home at this place.

Merchant James Lenker and family of Lemont spent a few days pleasantly with their mother, Mrs. Lavina Lenker.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Tomlinson visited their son, Dr. Chas. Tomlinson, at Milton for a few days.

Brush Valley.

Monday we had a beautiful rain but it did not help the water very much.

Butchering is all the go.

Harry Musser and friend, Miss Elda Brungart, spent several days in Nittany with friends and relatives.

Some notorious person set fire to the timberland in Little Sugar Valley.

Several dead does were found in Little Sugar Valley, but who did the deed?

Chas. Duck, accompanied by his father and mother, autoed to Mifflinburg.

The party at Calvin Weaver's was well attended on Friday evening.

Edwin Hosterman, teacher of Murray school, is well liked as a teacher by all his pupils.

The Penns Creek Rod and Gun Club report having killed seven deer and two bears.

Get your guns, bells, saws, etc; there will be a new set to serenade again.

Mrs. Adam Keller of Penn Hall is a pleasant caller among friends and relatives in this section.

Potters Mills

Mrs. P. P. Henshall of State College was a guest of her parents a few days this week.

Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Wagner of Lock Haven are spending some time at the home of Mr. Wagner's parents.

Mrs. Joe Carson and son spent the past week at Oak Hall as guests of Samuel Bible and family.

Laura Faust has come to the hotel to spend the winter.

Mrs. Mayme Fultz of Milroy spent last Friday with her sister, Mrs. Morris Burkholder.

Lewis Faust returned to Rock where he has a good job.

Mrs. McClenahan entertained Mr. and Mrs. J. B McNitt of Milroy, and Mrs. Orvis Horner of Colyer, on Sunday.

Harry Wilkinson of Bellefonte spent Thanksgiving Day at home.

REBERSBURG

Mrs. Thomas Garret who had a paralytic stroke several months ago, is slowly improving.

Lester Minnich, who is employed at State College, spent a week at this place and helped to do the usual butchering.

Since the creamery at Smullton has been destroyed by fire the cream gatherers for that concern are hauling the cream to Spring Mills.

Wm. Scholl, who is C. C. Long's chauffeur, is becoming quite popular as a mechinist. He spends all his leisure moments repairing autos that are out of commission.

Mr. and Mrs. Miles Breon of Coburn were visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Harbauch on Thursday.

The children of several families in our town are afflicted with the whooping cough; next will be the measles.

Forest Emerich and family, who spent last week visiting relatives at this place, returned to their homes in the western part of this state on Monday.

Woodward.

Mrs. Ard, wife of Dr. Ard, was called to Reading last week to attend the funeral of her brother, Mr. Moser.

Mr and Mrs. Charles Sampsell and baby of Jamestown, N. Y., spent last week in town visiting their friends.

Mrs. J. W. Keller and sons Harry and Nedson of Linden Hall, and Bruce Stover of Millheim spent the Sabbath at the home of Mrs. Keller's sister, Mrs. R. M. Wolfe.

Miss Bessie Von Neida spent last week with her parents, returning to her home in Reading Saturday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Irvin Dorman and the former's mother from Nittany spent several days last week with relatives in town.

Miss Lenora Guisewite and friend, Mr. Kennedy, from Harrisburg spent last week with the former's mother, Mrs. Daniel Stover.

Colyer.

Most of the people in this vicility have butchered. Sausage and pudding is all the go now.

The sawmill up at Wesley Nevil's is at a stand still on account of breaking something on the mill.

Miss Blanche Reiber spent a short time with Mrs. Peter Jordan.

Robert Glasgow and Fred Klinefelter have the contract to stock the saw mill for Messrs. Zimmerman and Stover.

Korman Spicher returned to his home in Philadelphia after spending a short time in the woods hunting deer.

The Colyer union hunting party came home with two big bucks.

Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Kerlin and son August returned to their home in Liverpool, Perry county.

Miss Edna Murray of Centre Hall spent a day at the home of Mrs. Jordan.

Spring Mills.

The neighbors and friends of Mrs. S. L. Condo had a surprise party for her on Friday evening.

George Rachau and family of Sunbury spent a few days with G. N. Wolfe.

John Leitzell of Northumberland is spending a few days with friends.

Frank Allison of State College spent his Thanksgiving vacation with his father, Wm. Allison.

John Foster and sister, also Mr. and Mrs. Otto, attended services at the Presbyterian church on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Musser of Chambersburg spent a week at the R. D. Musser home.

Deaths of Centre Countians.

Samuel Decker died at his home in Bellefonte, in his eighty-first year. He was born in Hublersburg and spent a number of years in his earlier life in prospecting in the far west.

G. Woods Miller died at the home of his sister in Tyrone, after a short illness with pneumonia. He was born in Halfmoon township fifty years ago.

ORPHANS COURT SALE

OF REAL ESTATE

In the matter of the estate of Catherine C. Shook, late of Gregg Township, deceased. In the Orphans Court of Centre County.

Pursuant to an order issued by the Orphans Court of Centre County on the 7th day of November, 1914, the undersigned administrator of Catherine C. Shook, late of Gregg Township, deceased, will expose to public sale, on

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 5TH, 1914

at one o'clock p. m. on the premises of purpart No. 1., the following described real estate:

Purpart No. 1—All that certain messuage, tenement or tract of land situate in the Township of Gregg, County of Centre and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at stake, thence by lands of Ellis Snyder and J. G. Evans north seventy-three degrees east 110 perches to stone; thence north nineteen degrees west fifty-four perches to stone in Penns Creek; thence north seven degrees west twenty and six tenth perches to stone in Penns Creek; thence north sixty-five degrees west twenty-seven perches to stone in Penns Creek; thence south sixty-nine degrees west fifty-six perches to stone in Penns Creek; thence south eighty-five degrees west twenty-one and two tenth perches to stone in Penns Creek; thence south seventy-three degrees west eighteen perches to stone in Penns Creek; thence south sixty-one and one-half degrees west thirteen and nine tenth perches to stone in Penns Creek; thence by land of A. J. Shook sthirty-seven degrees south thirty-eight perches to stone; thence north seventy-three degrees east three and six tenth perches to stone; thence south twenty degrees east fifty-three perches to the place of beginning, containg sixty-four acres and twenty-five perches more or less. Excepting and reserving therefrom, nevertheless, a certain house and lot contained within the above boundries, now the property of William M. Grove.

TERMS OF SALE. Ten per cent. of the purchase money to be paid on the day of sale, balance of one half to be paid on the confirmation of the sale and the remaining half to be paid in one year from the confirmation with interest; deferred paymants to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises.

A. J. SHOOK, Administrator of
Catherine C. Shook, deceased.

44.o.47
Gettig Bower & Zerby, Attorneys,
Bellefonte, Pa.

SHERIFF'S SALE—

By virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Centre County, Penna., and to me directed there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, in the borough of Bellefonte, Pa., on

MONDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1914, at one O'clock P. M.,

the following described real estate, to wit:

All that certain lot or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the borough of Howard, County of Center and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit:

Beginning at a post on Walnut street; thence by lot of Lena K. Poulsen north twenty-six and one-fourth degrees east one hundred and sixty-eight feet to a post; thence by an eight foot alley south sixty-two and one-fourth degrees east sixty-four and eight-tenths feet to a post thence by a ten foot alley south twenty-six and one-fourth degrees west one hundred and sixty-eight feet to a post; thence by said Walnut street north sixty-two and one-fourth degrees west sixty-four and eight-tenth feet to the place of beginning; containing forty perches, be the same more or less. and thereon erected a frame dwelling house and other outbuildings.

Seized, levied upon, taken into execution and to be sold as the property of Isham K. James and Sarah M. James.

TERMS OF SALE—No deed will be acknowledged until purchase money is paid in full.

ARTHUR B. LEE,
Sheriff's Office, Bellefonte, Pa. Sheriff.
November 16, 1914.

APPLICATIONS FOR LIQUOR LICENSE.

Notice is hereby given that the following named persons have filed petitions for license in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions, in and for the County of Centre, and that said applications will be presented to the Court on Saturday, December 19th, 1914. Said license to compute for one year from the first day of April, 1915.

TAVERN LICENSE.

W. L. Daggett, Bellefonte, West Ward
Horton S. Ray, Bellefonte, South Ward
James A. Noonan, Bellefonte, South Ward
Henry Kline, Bellefonte, South Ward
August Gilnz, Bellefonte, South Ward
J. R. G. Allison, Centre Hall Borough
Aloysius J. Fitzpatrick, Howard Borough
Isaac A. Shawver, Millheim Borough
Jesse R. Clifford, Philipsburg, First Ward
William J. Rapsey, Philipsburg, Second Ward
William H. Hindle, Philipsburg, Second Ward
Parado & Guschak, Philipsburg, Second Ward
Albert Fasshauer, Philipsburg, Second Ward
David C. Puderbach, Philipsburg, Second Ward
Samuel Rogers, Philipsburg, Second Ward
William M. Bowser, Philipsburg, Second Ward
Grebe Brothers & Crage, Philipsburg, Second Ward
Lawrence Redding, Snow Shoe Borough
S. T. Hepburn, Snow Shoe Borough
Perry Krise, Gregg Twp, Spring Mills
Clarence E. Long, Miles Twp., Rebersburg
James M. Moyer, Potter Twp., Potters Mills
Edward Royer, Potter Twp., Old Fort
Lewis E. Stover, Penn Twp., Coburn
J. B. Deegan, Rush Twp., Sandy Ridge
John M. Kachik, Snow Shoe Twp., Clarence
George W. Ricketts, Rush Twp., Cassanova

WHOLESALE LIQUOR LICENSE.

Orin Vail, Philipsburg, Second Ward
George Parks, Philipsburg, Second Ward
James Black, Philipsburg, Second Ward
Lawrence Nugent, Rush Twp., Cassanova
John Boyce, Snow Shoe Twp., Clarence

BREWER'S LICENSE.

Philipsburg Brewing Company, Philipsburg, Second Ward

D. R. FOREMAN, Clerk.
Bellefonte, Pa., Nov. 18th, 1914. 45.o.47

IF you want to buy or sell property in or near Centre Hall consult Chas. D. Bartholomew, before acting.

I have several fine offerings now on my list.

Chas. D. Bartholomew
CENTRE HALL, PA.

STILL HERE FOR BUSINESS

ONE of the things that the people of Tusseyville and vicinity can be thankful for is the prices at which they can buy goods at Swartz's store. I wish to state that our stock is yet in fairly good shape. Not many lines that we are entirely sold out of; we were entirely sold out of bed blankets, but we were able to buy a lot of wool and cotton blankets at a bargain, so we will give you the same chance. Not many of them, so you better come soon.

We Are Givining You Prices on Yarns That Will Be Interesting.

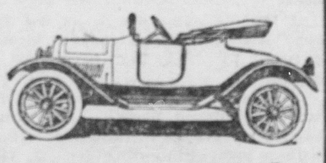
You Can Now Buy Wool Dress Goods at 20 to 40 per cent. Off Regular Prices.

We Are STRONG On Dress Trimmings But WEAK On Prices.

$2.50	Boys' Corduroy Coats, now	$1.95
3.45	Men's Corduroy Coats, now	2.75
3.75	Men's Corduroy Coats, now	3.00
1.85	Men's Heavy Lined Coats, now	1.45
2.45	Men's Mackinaws, now	1.75
2.95	Men's Mackinaws, now	2.25
3.75	Men's Regular Coats, now	3.00
2.00	Men's Pants to match, now	1.65
	85c Boys' Corduroy Pants, now	.50
1.00	Boys' Corduroy Pants, now	.75
	Men's Corduroy Pants $1.50 up	
	Men's Pants, Cotton and All Wool 75c to	2.50
	Men's Kaki Pants, 75c to	1.25
$6.00	Plush Lap Robe, now	4.85
4.85	Plush Lap Robe, now	4.15
4.25	Plush Lap Robe, now	3.45
3.75	Plush Lap Robe, now	2.95
2.25	Plush Lap Robe, now	1.75
5.50	Klondyke Robe, now	4.50

C. W. SWARTZ
TUSSEYVILLE, PA.
"THE STORE FOR BARGAINS"

KRIT



Power With Economy

Some motor cars are powerful, but of considerable expence in fuel consumption. Others may be economical, but at the expence of power.

The KRIT light weight ball bearing motor combines wonderful power with the greatest of economy.

Correct design, the use of annular ball bearings and careful manufacture in every detail produce the World renowned power of this motor.

Lightness

Today many manufacturers are just announcing modles with the light, small motors—a type the KRIT Company adapted six years ago.

Modle O Touring . .	$ 850
Modle O Roadster . .	850
Modle M Touring . .	995
Modle M Roadster . .	995
Modle M Cabriolet . .	1295

Don't buy any car until you have seen the 1915 KRIT.

Demonstration on request

S. C. Brungart
Spring Mills, Pa. (Tusseyville)
BELL 'PHONE 71-73

Some New Arrivals For Fall
CAPS and SHOES

Caps just arrived and are a handsome lot. A variety to suit the most particular dresser. They are all well made of good materials and are handsome enough to wear for "dress". See them on display in our windows. You will want one, we are sure. They are priced right.

Shoes for Men, Women and Children. Don't go anywhere else for your Fall footw ea until you see our good line. We carry a line that will please those who give particular attention to that part of their dress.

Come in to-day.

KREAMER & SON
CENTRE HALL, PA.

LADIES'
"FITZ-EZY"
SHOES
will cure corns!

SOLD ONLY AT
YEAGER'S SHOE STORE
BELLEFONTE

104 BUCKS KILLED

In Seven Mountins Hunting Grounds Between Bear Meadows and Welkert.—The Past Season the Best in Years.—State Foresters Make Accurate Reports.

The open season for deer closed on Wednesday of last week and proved to be the most successful one for many years. From all reports it appears that from 25 to 35 per cent. more deer were killed this season than for the past five seasons. In the Bear Meadows section there were located not less than twenty-two camps with approximately 350 hunters in them and a total of thirty-three bucks were killed. The names of the hunting parties who shot these and so far as possible the names of the men who were fortunate enough to kill them follow :

The Coatesville camp in the Bear meadows, 5 ; five-prong, four-prong, and 3 spikes.

The Riley party in the Bear Meadows, 3 ; five-prong by D. A. Stuart, four-prong by Fred Weber, two-prong by John Fisher.

The Raymoud party in the Bear Meadows, 1 ; spike by Wm. C. Raymond.

The Klinger party at Sand Spring, 2 ; by James Klinger of Youngwood and George N. Fisher of Boalsburg.

The Leech party in Shingletown Gap, 2; five-prong by N. E. Hess, four-prong by Prof. H. Stecker of State College.

The Modocks at Stone Creek, 3, and much small game ; six-prong by A. M. Lauver, four-prong by J. B. Krebs, spike by Robert Bailey.

The State College "Tigers" near Hubler's Gap, 4 ; five-prong by Clyde Thomas and Ira Slagle, four-prong by Irvin Holmes, three-prong by James Holmes, hunting on Nittany Mountain.

The Blairsville camp at Monroe Furnace, 1.

The Charter Oak party, 5.

The McAlvey's Fort party, 1.

The Wilson-Lightner party, 5.

By far the largest buck reported in this section was a six-prong which was shot in what is known locally as the Detwiler Hollow region by A. M. Lauver of the "Modocks." This deer was wounded early in the season and was followed for some days but not found. Five days later the body was discovered in a badly decomposed state and only the head and rack were removed. It is likely that these can be saved and mounted, although none of the meat could be eaten. This buck would have weighed over 200 pounds and the antlers measured sixteen inches between the points and were very well developed and symmetrical.

More spike bucks were killed than any other kind and all were of good size and fat. Does seem to be more plentiful than ever before and are not at all wild, one party reporting that they had seen twenty in one day. Many of the does are quite old and of large size. One hunter asserts that a doe about the size of a young cow came within a short distance of him, stopped and looked around and then trotted off very leisurely ; in the meantime he had his gun leveled at her but just then the words of that old and familiar hymn, "Yield Not to Temptation, for Yielding is Sin," came in his ears and he put up his gun and was content with watching her with wistful eyes. Bear, too, seem to have been more plentiful than usual, many having been seen and shot at but few killed. A white fawn about the size of a three months old lamb was also seeen ; these, however, are very rare.

Despite the fact that the woods were so very dry and the weather unusually warm making hunting very difficult, it is remarkable that the past deer season was so successful. It seems to be the generally accepted opinion that all kinds of game is becoming more plentiful because of the fact that much of our forest land is watched carefully and protected from forest fires and the timber in consequence is growing up rapidly. This not only gives the game an opportunity to grow and increase but also affords them places of refuge and an abundance of acorns, chestnuts, and tender buds and herbs for food.

WALTER D. LUDWIG,
Boalsburg, Pa., Dec. 1, 1914. Forester.

Twenty-seven bucks were killed in the Poe Division of the Seven Mountains State Forest, the number being nine more than last year. The laurels for this season go to the "Regulars" of Potters Mills, who succeeded in killing seven large bucks, two of which were exceptionally fine specimens.

The names of the various parties and the number of deer killed are as follows :

Regulars of Potters Mills	7
Bradfords of Centre Hall	5
Faust party	2
Sweetwood party	2
Schuylkill Haven party	2
Loop-Red Lion party	2
Pleasant Gap party, No. 1	2
Pleasant Gap party, No. 2	2
Palmyra party	1
Slack party	1
Decker party	1
Ramsy party	0
Bellefonte party	0
Pottsville party at Nevil's	0
Total	27

Charles R. Meek is forester at the eastern end of the county and his bailiwick is bounded on the east by Welkert and on the west by the Jonas Lingle farm in Poe Valley. He makes the following report of game killed :

	Deer	Bear
Rote-Wingard party	7	2
High Valley or Snyder party	4	3
Sunbury party at Coburn House	1	
Greenbriar party	2	
Poe Valley party	2	
Welkert party	1	1
Woodward party	4	
Reading party	1	
Aaronsburg party	2	
Harry Auman, Coburn	1	
Unknown man at Paddy Mt.	1	
Unknown man at Paddy Mt.	1	
Spring Mills party	3	
Georges Valley party	2	
Volunteers at Woodward	1	
Totals	33	6

Mr. Meek says that only one or two does were killed as far as he knows and there were very few violations of the game laws. The hunters were very careful and deserve great praise for starting no forest fires. However, someone tried to burn out the game preserve a week or two before hunting season, but the fire was discovered and put out before it had burned more than five acres. It was set at the Cherry Run end. Many foxes, skunks and weasels have been trapped. The trappers say they will trap more for bounty this year on account of the low price of furs. All in all this was one of the most successful deer seasons in many years. Many very large deer were killed.

In lower Haines township, known as the Buffalo Division of the State Forest, over which Carl Motz has charge as ranger, eleven deer were killed. Mr. Motz says that only one doe was found and that this animal was killed before the opening of the season

The parties killing the deer are as follows :

Woodward Gun Club	5
Millheim party	2
Laurelton party	2
Woodward Volunteers	1
Stover Boys, Aaronsburg	1
Total	11

These reports show that a total of one hundred and four deer and six bears were taken out of the Seven Mountains from the Bear Meadows to a point a short distance east of Coburn, this territory being covered by Foresters Ludwig, Montgomery and Meek, and Ranger Carl Motz.

F. and A. M. Meet.

Monday evening was the time for the installation of officers of the Masonic Lodge, the gathering for the occasion being quite large. The officers inducted into office were Prof. C. R. Neff, Worshipful Master ; Edward Durst, Senior Warden ; Frank M. Torence, Junior Warden. Out of town members present were : Dr. C. S. Musser, Rev. D. M. Geesey, John W. Foster, Aaronsburg ; Charles R. Meek, Coburn ; Wm. Shelton, L. W. Stover, Millheim ; Dr. J. W. Bright, Millin Moyer, Rebersburg ; F. M. Fisher, Penn Hall ; H. F. Rossman, James C. Kennelley, Dr. H. S. Braucht, Spring Mills ; Dr. P. H. Dale, Frank M. Torence, State College.

LOCALS

Chew gum and you pay revenue tax.

A fisticuff at Spring Mills the other evening resulted in both a wounding of the spirit and the flesh.

Tuesday morning Dr. G. W. Hosterman went to Montrose to visit his son.

Unclaimed letters in Centre Hall postoffice December 1, 1914 : Mrs. Malinda Parker, Charley Lambert.

G. M. Boal, postmaster.

George W. Potter, tenant on the Brockerhoff farm at Old Fort, accompanied by his three sons, George F., Boyd and John, on Wednesday went to Phoenixville, making the trip in the former's Ford car.

The train carrying the Bellefonte fire company to Coburn, on the occasion of the Millheim fire, was run at the expense of the railroad company. The Millheim borough council acknowledged the favor by passing a resolution of thanks.

Can anyone imagine the beautiful spectacle the one hundred and four deer and six shaggy bears that were taken out of the Seven Mountains in the two weeks would have made if gathered in a drove and exhibited in all their native beauty.

The Woman's Home and Foreign Missionary Society will hold their annual thank-offering service in the Lutheran church Sunday evening. A part of the program will be addresses and music by Penn State students under the auspices of the College Prohibition League.

A Kansas paper hands out the following cyclonic wisdom : "Early to bed and early to rise, cut the weeds and swat the flies, mind your own business and tell no lies, don't get gay and deceive your wives, pay your debts, use enterprise, and buy from the ones that advertise."

Former County Commissioner G. L. Goodhart reports crop conditions to the State department of agriculture, and is now preparing a general report for Potter township of the average yield of the various crops, and prices of same Also prices obtained for cattle, horses, milk, butter, etc. The report is elaborate, and involves considerable thought and labor.

DECEMBER COURT JURORS.

Names of Jurymen Who Will Hear Cases During Week of December 7th and 15th.

Appended is a list of jurymen drawn for the December court to open December 7th and continue for two weeks :

GRAND JURORS.

William Aikens, core maker, Boggs
W. C. Andrews, merchant, Philipsburg
Charles Andrews, farmer, Huston
P. L. Beezer, butcher. Bellefonte
W. K. Corl, laborer, Ferguson
Robert Cole, architect, Bellefonte
C. C. Cooke, laborer, Howard Boro.
George Cments, mechanic, Bellefonte
Philip S. Dale, laborer, College
J. C. Eby, cashier. Millheim
Ed. L. Erb, chemist, State College
H. E. Harter, farmer, Spring
John A Hagen, farmer, Howard twp.
P. P. Hasson carpenter, Philipsburg
B. F. Homan, gent. State College
Jacob S. Meyer, gent. Penn
Albert Roberts, laborer, Bellefonte
Joseph Reese, farmer, Boggs
H. S. Smull, stone mason, Miles
Enoch Sweeney, gent. Harris
W. F. Spotts, farmer, Union
Frank Sasserman, barber, Bellefonte
J. J. Taylor, laborer, Gregg
C. F. Winters, butter maker, Miles

TRAVERSE JURORS—FIRST WEEK.

H. H. Allison, miller, Gregg
Daniel Boop, farmer, Union
M S. Betz, merchant, Marion
C. P. Barr, laborer, Ferguson
Vinton Beckwith, farmer, Taylor
Ed. Bland, laborer, Snow Shoe Boro
Herman Bowes, laborer, Liberty
J. P. Confer, farmer, Boggs
John Dale, laborer, Rush
Roy Flegal, laborer, Philipsburg
W. V. Gentzel, farmer, Penn
H. D. Gehret, clerk, Bellefonte
Willis Grove, laborer, Bellefonte
William Huffman, farmer, Spring
R. F. Hunter, agent, Bellefonte
Philip Himes, stone mason, Gregg
John Hughes, laborer, Rush
C A. Isenburg, carpenter, Harris
M. R Johnson, marble dealer, Bellefonte
H. J. Jackson, clerk, Bellefonte
J. F. Krape, merchant, Haines
William Lyon, laborer. Spring
W. S. Lucas, farmer, Gregg
Ed. L. Lingle, laborer. Gregg
Milligan Lucas, laborer. Boggs
R. D. Musser, farmer, Gregg
T. F. Meyer, merchant, Millheim
D. W. Miller, gentleman, Ferguson
W. J. Markle, laborer, State College
Nathan McCloskey, laborer, Snow Shoe twp
Jesse Owens, agent, Philipsburg
Philip R. Rupp, carpenter, State College
R. R. Randolph, inn keeper, Ferguson
Roy Shaffer, farmer, Potter
C. M. Sellers, farmer, Patton
Robert Smith, gentleman, Gregg
H. E. Stover, minister, Miles
F. H. Stover, farmer, Penn
Thomas E. Smith, carpenter, Haines
John Smith, blacksmith, Boggs
J. I. Stonecypher, minister, Harris
D. R Thomas, laborer, Snow Shoe Boro
F. B. Ulrich, barber, Millheim
Martin Viehdorfer, farmer, Burnside
Charles Wensel, farmer, Howard twp
Orie Woomer, foreman, Rush
E. T. Yeager, foreman, Curtin
R. M. Kaup, laborer, Spring

TRAVERSE JURORS—2ND WEEK.

W. C. Bressler, farmer, Miles
D. W. Bradford, agent, Centre Hall
Henry Bohn, farmer, Haines
Bert Charlton, clerk, Rush
James Derr, auctioneer, Bellefonte
David Dorman, laborer, Haines
Reuben Etters, laborer, Snow Shoe twp.
J Wolf Evans, laborer, Gregg
C. C. Freil, sawyer, Boggs
E. J. Gehret, contractor, Bellefonte
Dittman Grebe, contractor, Philipsburg
William Hutton, carpenter, Rush
Harry Hicks, laborer, Rush
C. K. Hicklin, clerk, Bellefonte
John Hoy, Jr., farmer, Marion
H. E. Harper, farmer. Union
James Hoover, carpenter, Union
Mark Hall, farmer, Union
Geo. A. Heberling, operator, Unionville
Robert Homan, farmer, Walker
Orin Kline, clerk, Bellefonte
A. E. Knisely, blacksmith, Bellefonte
Simon Korman, shoemaker,
Elmer Limbert, farmer, Penn Haines
W. S. Mayes, laborer, Millheim
Conrad Miller, operator, Spring
Morris Miller, carpenter, Bellefonte
Charles McCoy, blacksmith, Bellefonte
W. W. McCormick, farmer, Potter
George Rockey, farmer, Walker
Pius Richards, carpenter. Taylor
Walter Stine, farmer. Patton
W. M. Stover, mechanic, Haines
Geo. W. Solt, farmer, Burnside
Hayes Schenck, justice, Howard Boro
William Saxton, farmer, Benner
Potter, Tate, carpenter, Spring
Albert Thompson, liveryman, Bellefonte
Mitchell Watson, farmer, Snow Shoe twp
F. T Walker, foreman, Boggs

Forest Fire Losses in Centre.

Commissioner of Forestry Conklin reports that within the state, since July 1st, the loss on account of forest fires was $325,791, Centre county's share of this being $19 024 The fire burned over a total of 169,159 acres in the state, and in this county 13 693 acres.

Marriage Licenses.

Boyd Corl, Bellefonte
Grace G. Tressler, Zion
Roy S. Myers, Wilkinsburg
Frances R. Rider, Gatesburg
Herman Valimont, Shannon
Nellie Fye, Shannon
Edward Shay, Lock Haven
Nellie M. Buck, Lock Haven.

BOALSBURG.

Mrs. Emma Young and little daughter, Mary, visited at Greenburr, Rebersburg and Millheim last week.

Postmaster Jacob Meyer killed the biggest hog so far this season, on Wednesday. It tipped the scales at exactly 500 lbs.

Laundry will go out from this office Wednesday, December 9.

On account of the fire we find ourselves overstocked with seasonable merchandise

Which we must dispose of quickly.

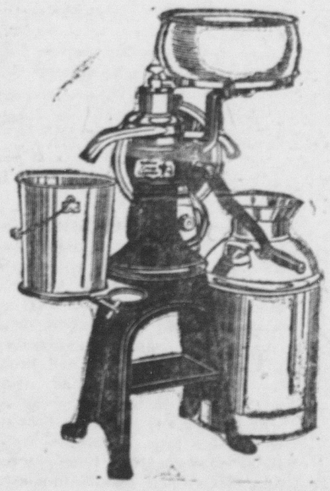
OUR SALE STARTS

FRIDAY, DEC. 4th

Watch for new ad.
Next Week
Telling of Unprecedented Bargains

KESSLER'S
DEPARTMENT STORE
MILLHEIM, PA.

The Beatrice Cream Separator



SAVES YOU from $25 to $40

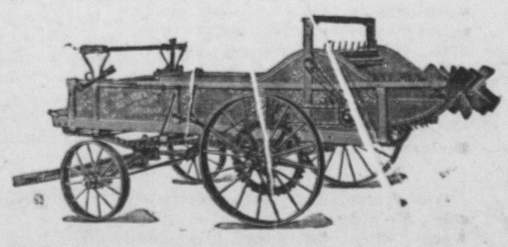
and has all the good features found in the higher priced machines. These are the qualities that make it valuable.

Clean Skimming
Easy Running
Light Running
Long Life
Few Repairs

(Shows Simple Method of Cleaning Discs)

The BEATRICE is the typical modern separator supplied with a centrifugal washing device to clean the bowl in two minutes. (See illustration above). A separator, no matter what kind, requires washing twice a day. The BEATRICE, with its patent device makes washing the easiest thing immaginable and means much time saved on the farm in this one kind of daily work. Come in and see the beauty of construction in this machine ; how silently it runs and why it gets every drop of cream out of your milk.

The New Idea Manure Spreader



We received a short time ago a carload of these famous spreaders. The New Idea is more than a spreader, it is a pulverizer, putting the manure in best shape for distributing on the ground. It is simple and easy running, strongly built, and should have a place on every farm.

Woven Wire Fencing--Carload of all kinds

We have the wide and narrow woven wire fence, all of the best makes, also plenty of barbed and smooth wire.

Must Suit You

Satisfaction Guaranteed—no catches nor technicalities in our guarantee. Your engine must satisfy *you* or you don't keep it. "Your good will means our success." That's the principal that built our business.

LAUSON FROST KING
Gasoline Engines

have the new Lauson Gear-Driven Magneto, which eliminates all batteries. Built into the engine—won't wear out. Throws a big, hot spark that never weakens. *Starts Easily*—The Frost King starts on the magneto without turning over. Requires no cranking. Positively frost proof. Low fuel consumption—high efficiency. Case-hardened and ground wearing parts practically eliminates wear and breakage. We're back of this engine with our own reputation; we wouldn't handle it if there were anything questionable about it. If we can trust it—you can trust us. Drop in and see how easily it starts and how smoothly it runs. Catalog Free.

1 to 100 H. P. All Types

No batteries to give you trouble

J. H. WEBER,
CENTRE HALL, PA.

WILSON TO THE WARRING POWERS

His Disapproval of the Dropping of Bombs.

ON THE UNFORTIFIED CITIES

President Notified U. S. Representatives In Europe To Carefully Convey His Views To Warring Nations.

Washington, D. C.—President Wilson has communicated unofficially to the diplomatic representatives of the United States in the belligerent countries of Europe his disapproval of attacks by bombs from air craft dropped on unfortified cities occupied by non-combatants.

The President was careful not to take the matter up officially, and did not even make his communication through the State Department, but personally addressed the American ambassadors abroad. The President took this course, it just became known, nearly two months ago. The facts came to light through the publication of a report that the President had discussed the matter with European diplomats here. This, however, was denied by some of the prominent diplomats mentioned in connection with it, including the German Ambassador.

Just how the American diplomats abroad were to convey President Wilson's feeling in the matter to the foreign governments has not been disclosed, as White House officials, declined to discuss the subject.

It is believed here, however, that the President called attention to the article in The Hague convention of 1907, to which all the principal belligerents were signatory, which provides for notice of 24 hours before bombardment or atatck in order that non-combatants may remove themselves from the danger zone.

It is not believed that the President mentioned any specific violation, but expressed his views on the general subject of aerial attacks. Through unofficial character of the communication it was intended by the President to bring about a better understanding about aerial warfare without actually involving the American government in the matter.

It is supposed that the American diplomats used their good offices, consequently, in a personal way with the belligerent governments, without perhaps even mentioning the fact that they were doing so at the request of the President, as such methods of obtaining a desired end are not unusual in diplomacy.

AMERICAN EXPORTS REVIVE.

October Trade Balance For Country Is $57,000,000.

Washington, D. C.—American export trade, crippled by the European war, showed signs of revival during October and the month ended with a balance of trade in favor of the United States of more than $57,000,000, as shown by statistics just issued by the Department of Commerce.

There was an increase of more than $39,000,000 in October exports over September, although the total was almost $78,000,000 below October, 1913. Imports in October fell off more than $1,000,000 from the September trade, but were $4,100,000 more than during October last year.

In the $195,404,630 October exports, foodstuffs, crude and manufactured, and food animals formed the principal items with a total of $73,635,000, an increase of $32,000,000 over October, 1913. Crude manufacturing materials showed a decrease.

U. S. NOT TO SELL RIFLES.

Discarded Krag-Jorgensons Will Be Kept Until War Is Over.

Washington, D. C.—Krag-Jorgenson rifles discarded by the United States Army when the new high-power Springfield rifles were developed at the government's arsenals and supplied to all troops will not be sold during the European war to any bidder, no matter what country he may represent. Secretary Garrison announced he had made this reply to several agents who had approached him on the subject at the outbreak of the war.

BIG EXHIBIT BY ENGLISH.

Many Applications For Space At 'Frisco Exposition.

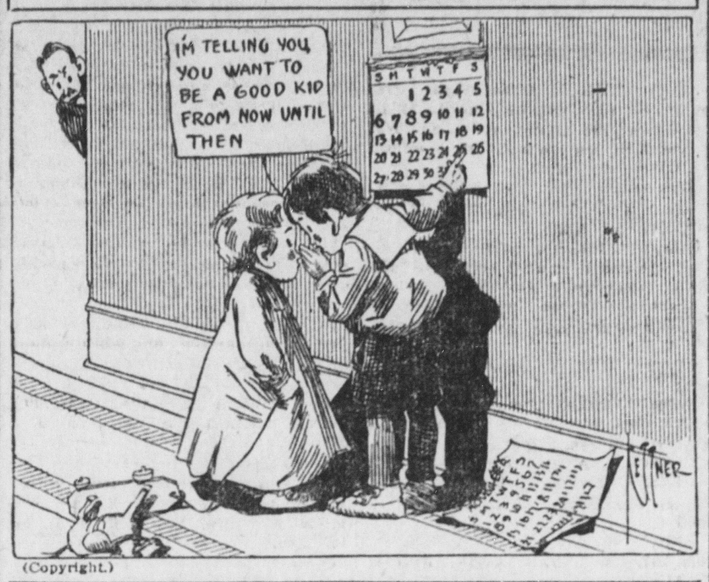
London.—The Panama-Pacific Exposition Committee is receiving many applications for space from prospective exhibitors. The United States naval collier Jason will call at English ports in January, after taking on exhibits at Marseilles and Genoa. Most of the applicants for space are manufacturers or artists.

U. S. TO PAY INDEMNITY.

Will Give To China Part Of Boxer Balance.

Washington, D. C.—China has applied for and will be paid in a few days $200,000 of the $1,175,000 balance of the Boxer indemnity remitted by the United States. It is being devoted to the education of 350 Chinese students in the United States. The remission of the money was authorized by Congress.

INSIDE INFORMATION



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MUST RESPECT NEUTRAL'S RIGHTS

United States Serves Notice on the Belligerents.

VON BERNSTORFF'S PROTEST

Our State Department, However, Calls Attention To the Fact That England Did Not Ratify the Declaration.

Washington, D. C.—The decided stand taken by the United States government in refusing to accept piecemeal adoption of the principles of the Declaration of London as a guide to commercial restrictions to be imposed during the European war was made clear at the State Department, when the text of a cablegram sent to Ambassador Gerard at Berlin on October 14 last was made public.

Mr. Gerard had communicated a preliminary notice that Germany intended to protest to this government against alleged violation of the declaration by Great Britain and France. The German Ambassador, Count Bernstorff, called at the State Department to lodge the formal complaints and the text of the reply cabled to Ambassador Gerard, copies of which went to all American diplomatic representatives abroad, was then made public. It sowings:

"Please inform the German government that the department's suggestion made to the belligerent countries for the adoption for the sake of uniformity of the Declaration of London as a temporary code of naval warfare for use in the present war has been withdrawn because of the unwillingness of some of the belligerents to adopt the Declaration of London without modification."

Neutrals Have Rights.

"The United States government, therefore, will insist that its rights and duties and those of its citizens in the present war, be defined by the existing rules of international laws and the treaties of the United States with the belligerents independently of the provisions of the declaration, and this government will reserve the right to enter a demand or protest in every case in which the rights and duties mentioned above and defined by existing rules of international law are violated or their free exercise hindered by the authorities of the belligerent governments."

The message was signed by Counselor Lansing, then acting secretary of state.

WORKING OVERTIME.

Mills Kept Busy Filling European Orders For Woolens.

Milwaukee, Wis.—Knitting mills of Wisconsin are working on orders for 1,296,000 pairs of woolen socks and 400,000 sweaters for England and France. The orders were "rush" and the mills are running day and night. Prices average $3 a dozen for the socks and $2.50 each for the sweaters. Dearth of sheepskins caused a La Crosse concern to refuse an order for 300,000 sheepskin coats for France. One Racine factory refused contracts for woolen goods for European armies because it was said to be working to capacity on domestic orders.

COULD NOT LEGALLY DO SO.

Wilson Will Not Have Receiver Named For Coal Mines.

Washington, D. C.—President Wilson will not adopt the suggestion of the American Federation of Labor that steps be taken to have a receiver appointed for the Colorado coal mines involved in the strike with the purpose of having them operated by the Federal government. He told callers he had been informed by Secretary Wilson, of the Department of Labor, that the solicitor of that department has given an opinion that there would be no legal warrant for the operation of the mines by the government.

EIGHTEEN KILLED IN WRECK AT SEA

Only Forty-three are Saved From Steamer Hanalei.

MORE MAY HAVE BEEN LOST

Coasting Vessel Goes To Pieces On Duxbury Reef After Futile Efforts By Those On Shore To Get a Line To the Steamer.

San Francisco, Cal.—Forty-three survivors have been rescued from the wrecked steamer Hanalei, which went ashore in a dense fog on Duxbury Reef, nine miles north of the Golden Gate, and was shivered into splinters by the pounding surf.

Eighteen dead have been either washed ashore at Bolinas, just east of the dreaded reef, or brought to port by the United States revenue cutter McCulloch and the naval tug Iroquois. How many are missing never will be known for the best available passenger list in the company's possession gives 28 passengers and 26 crew, a total of 54 souls, whereas the known dead and saved number 60, seven more than are shown on the company's papers. These figures do not include two life-savers washed ashore alive, and three missing. Their boat was swamped.

Loses Infant Son.

The ship's pursuer stuffed a bundle of tickets into his pocket, but after he had been saved he found they were for the northbound trip—useless to show how many were aboard southbound. As the vessel was a small coaster of 660 tons, plying on a local run, all the dead are Californians.

A majority of the dead brought in by the McCulloch had swallowed crude petroleum, smeared on the waves from the ship's fuel tanks when she broke up and, although many of them showed signs of life when first picked up, it was impossible to resuscitate them.

3 BRITISH STEAMERS SUNK.

Two Merchantmen Blown Up By German Submarine.

London.—Three more vessels have been added to the British losses as a result of the war, the steamers Malachite and Primo having been sunk off Havre by German submarines and the collier Khartoum being blown up by a mine off Grimsby.

The crews of all these vessels were rescued, the men from the Malachite being landed at Southampton, those from the Primo at Fecamp, a French port on the English Channel, and those from the Khartoum at Grimsby.

Grimsby is on the south bank of the Humber, 15 miles southeast of Hull.

German Craft Daring.

The report indicates that Germany's submarines have performed one of their most daring feats. This is the first occasion on which their activities have been reported in these waters. Apparently they made their way through the Straits of Dover to a point more than 150 miles from their nearest base.

75 THANKSGIVING PARDONS.

Governor Blease's Present To South Carolina Convicts.

Columbia, S. C.—Governor Cole Blease, of South Carolina, gave 75 state convicts pardons or paroles as Thanksgiving Day presents. Records in the secretary of state's office show Governor Blease has commuted the sentences, pardoned or paroled, more than 1,400 prisoners in the past four years.

LIFTING CATTLE QUARANTINE.

Federal Bureau Certain the Disease Has Been Checked.

Washington, D. C.—Satisfied that the ravages of the foot-and-mouth disease among cattle have been checked and that the epidemic is now under control, officials of the Bureau of Animal Industry determined to begin lifting the quarantine imposed on the cattle market of various States.

GREATEST WHEAT AREA IN HISTORY

Record Harvest in 1915 Demanded By War.

BELLIGERENTS ARE BUSY

Women and Children Are Sowing Seed For the Spring Crop So That There Will Be Plenty Of the Food Grain.

Washington, D. C.—The greatest wheat area in the world's history will be planted for the 1915 harvest as a result of the European war, in the opinion of Charles M. Daugherty, statistical expert of the Department of Agriculture. In a report just made public Mr. Daugherty says:

"As a result of the war in Europe, a world-wide tendency exists to increase the acreage of wheat. Doubtless the most extensive area in the history of the world will be seeded during the present autumn and coming spring. A prospective heavy demand for this important food grain by the importing countries of Western Europe is likely, if seeding conditions favor, to give extraordinary stimulus to sowings of both winter and spring varieties in the two great exporting countries of North America and to those sowings now being finished under auspicious circumstances in British India.

"In the Southern Hemisphere seeding was completed before the war began and the effect of present economic conditions upon extension of areas there will be manifest only in the spring and summer of 1915.

"In Europe, where ordinarily over half the world's wheat is produced, the indications are that all available labor resources, in both neutral and contending nations, will be utilized to the utmost for getting in full or increased areas. In Italy, whose wheat acreage is ordinarily second in extent to that of no state in Europe, excepting Russia, 1,000,000 acres, it is said, will be added to the crop.

"In the contending countries, extraordinary efforts are being exerted in autumn seeding. The services of women and children, men exempt from military services, refugees, prisoners of war and soldiers temporarily relieved from the ranks are being utilized in the fields as occasions permit and require. Because of strained labor conditions and of the occupation of certain territory during seeding time by contending troops some local contractions of area seem inevitable. The reduction, however, is likely to be compensated by increased sowings in neutral nations.

"In Western Europe, particularly in England and France, the autumn sowings of wheat are somewhat in arrears, but as a large part of these countries is favored with a mild climate, making sowing operations possible at times during the entire winter, little anxiety is expressed over the present delay. Reports from Germany and other countries of Central Europe indicate that seeding operations have been carried on with activity."

FRANCE TO RAISE $280,000,000.

$140,000,000 In War Bonds Already Subscribed.

Paris.—Subscriptions to the short-term 5 per cent. national defense bonds amount to 700,000,000 francs ($140,000,000) for France alone. In addition, 300,000,000 francs of treasury bonds are already in circulation.

The Minister of Finance, Alexandre Ribot, submitted to the Cabinet a decree raising to 1,400,000,000 francs the amount issuable of war defense bonds. It is proposed to issue bonds in small denominations, as low as 100 francs.

Subscriptions to these bonds will be taken at all tobacco shops, postoffices and savings banks.

DIPLOMATS OUT OF WORK.

Notified That They May Seek Some Other Employment.

London.—The German Emperor, according to a dispatch from The Hague to the Exchange Telegraph Company, has ordered Gottlieb Von Jagow, the German minister of foreign affairs, to notify all the German diplomatic agents who hitherto have been employed in the countries now at war with Germany that they can consider themselves free to choose another career.

Newspaper critics, the message adds, state that this sequel seems to indicate that German diplomacy is held responsible for the war.

HEAVY FIGHTING IN SERVIA.

Battle In Northwestern Territory Still Undecided.

Paris.—Heavy fighting in Northwestern Servia continues, says a dispatch to the Havas Agency from Nish. Encounters on the front, extending from Lazarevatz to Mionitza, are described as particularly desperate, especially on the Servian left wing. The outcome of this battle is still undecided. Fighting on a smaller scale is in progress on the east bank of the Drina river, to the west of Mokragora. Elsewhere there have been no important engagements of late.

PRETTY, USEFUL BAGS

ALWAYS HANDY, AND QUITE SIMPLE IN CONSTRUCTION.

One Designed to Hold the Duster and the Other for Broom Covers—Illustration Shows Method of Designing.

A duster bag that the hand can slip in and out of easily, is the best kind. This one is made in flowered chintz or cretonne, lined with sateen and bound with braid or with a bias strip of the sateen, having a loop at the top to hang it by. It is twelve inches

Easy to Reach the Dusters.

long, and nine wide at the rounded base. The shaped outside piece is slightly larger around than the back piece, allowing the pocket part to bulge slightly.

The broom bag is not a broom cover itself, but a pretty holder for such covers and holds six of these made in canton flannel. The case is

Holds Broom Covers.

made in figured material, is 13 inches wide at the bottom, tapering slightly toward the top, and is 15 inches long. It has a flap of 6 inches' depth. Three loops of the braid are sewed at the back to hang it by. The broom bags are made very much the same shape, only smaller, to fit the broom; a drawing string is put at the top to draw it up tight around the handle.

KEEPING HANDS IN CONDITION

During Frosty Weather They Need Much Care and Will Repay Attention Given.

It is very difficult to keep the hands soft in frosty weather, especially if one is one's own housemaid.

An inexpensive wash if one has some leftover milk on hand is to soak them in warm milk. A bottle of glycerin and rose water kept on the bathroom shelf and applied when the hands are wet after washing, will help also. Vaseline may promote a growth of hair on the hands, but there is nothing better for loosening dirt under the nails than a little vaseline pushed under the nail at night before retiring; it not only removes the soil, but lubricates the nail itself and prevents it from becoming brittle.

Bedmaking is hard on nails and it is advisable to wear an old pair of washable gloves when tucking in the sheets.

HOW TO ATTAIN PLUMPNESS

Simple Routine Will Enable Thin Girl to Secure Results in Three or Four Weeks.

The thin girl is coming into her own these days, but there is such a thing as being too thin. The words of Joseph Cawthorne, "I like 'em plump," set the standard. This plumpness can be obtained by careful effort.

The first step towards this is to avoid nerves, fretting and irritability.

Retire early and remain in bed as long as possible.

Drink no tea or coffee, rather milk, cocoa or chocolate. Take mashed potatoes, with butter or cream, oatmeal, fresh bread, honey, eggs, tapioca, in short, all sugary and oily foods. No meat.

Take great care to eat slowly and masticate each morsel thoroughly.

A nap either before or after dinner is beneficial.

Exercise must be regular and moderate Horseback riding, tennis and boating are good. Vocal exercises enlarge the chest.

Small doses of cod liver oil should be taken several times a day.

With strict application of these rules an improvement should be noted in three or four weeks.

VOGUE OF ARTIFICIAL FLOWER

Universally Popular, and Certainly Add Distinction to the Plainest of the Street Frocks.

Probably never before have artificial flowers had such a vogue as they have just now. And a small corsage flower is one of the best means of giving color to a dark street frock or suit.

There are bunches of tiny flowers in brilliant red that are very good. There are bouquets consisting of a rosebud, a few forget-me-nots and a sprig or two of green that are good. Then there are zinnias, nasturtiums, poppies and many other flowers in their own natural, rich coloring.

The placing of the flower is rather important. It can be placed on the left shoulder with good effect. It looks well at the closing of a ruff or a close collar of velvet and fur.

Of course, the flower on an evening frock is usually part of the frock. That is to say, it is placed in position when the frock is made. However, a frock that needs a little refreshing can be brightened up with a new flower, and one of the newest places to put it is about half way down the back.

OF ORGANDIE AND BOBBINET

One of the Smartest Designs in Collars, Copying the Sailor Shape to a Large Extent.

Smarter than the elaborate lace collar is that of plain white organdie and bobbinet. The collar is to be of the laydown variety, and is smartest when shaped like a short but long pointed sailor collar, the points coming well on the shoulders. The collar, which is of organdie, is hemstitched about the edge. The net ruffle should be from one-half to one and one-fourth inches wide, and is double. That is, there is no hem on the net, it being simply a double fold of the material, the creased end being used as the bottom or edge of the ruffle. The bobbinet ruffle may be simply whipped to the collar, or after this is done a finish of buttonholing in color or plain white thread can be made over the joining of collar and ruffle. These dainty collars buttonholed in old blue, old rose or that gray-green are pretty indeed.

GOWN FOR THE YOUNG LADY

Velvet Dresses Considered Most Appropriate—Changes in the Color of Neckwear.

Velvet dresses for young girls are the smart thing of the afternoon wear. They are made with a long waist and a short skirt, made of two circular flounces; between these is a satin belt or sash. A collar of pique or lace, cut sailor or rounding, is the usual neck finish. The sleeveless over blouses of velvet that are seen on the grown-up dresses are also a feature of those worn by girls of fourteen.

They are rather like a middy blouse in shape, but not so long, and the arm-hole is very much enlarged, so that the foundation dress of serge shows.

Different shaped buttons not only come in plain colors in dark modish shades, brown, plum, blue and fawns, but are also decorated by odd stripes of a contrasting color. Sometimes there is only one stripe across the center, sometimes it is the button edge that has pencillike lines of a deeper or lighter color.

The suit coats are made both in the long and in the short lengths. Some of the smart models are of the redingote type, the coat reaching the three-quarter length.

Some of the lace guimpes are of embroidered net of the applique type of lace, and they finish at the top with a round neck that does not come quite up to the base of the throat.

Last summer the lovely touch of white neckwear was in organdie and lawn; now it is of cream net and lace in the finer costumes, and of pique in those dresses that smack of the tailor-made.

IMPROVED WORK BAG

Adelaide S. Hemstreet of Indian Head, Canada, has just been granted a patent for a combination crochet work bag and spool holder. The work bag is suspended on a belt. On the belt also is placed a sheet metal bracket with arms for holding the spool. This allows the thread to be easily unwound as it is being used. There is no chance for the spool to slip off one's lap and roll across the floor and for the thread to become tangled. It is a practical invention, which should appeal to all women who are still old-fashioned enough to do crocheting.

MIGHT BE CALLED EVIDENCE

At Least Participant In Fight Had Reason to Believe He Was Telling the Truth.

Two colored soldiers at a frontier post had a fight, during which one of the combatants lost an ear, and the other was accused of having bitten it off. The case was tried by a general court-martial, and the counsel for the defense, in cross-examination of the one-eared man, the principal witness for the prosecution, asked: "Where did this fight take place?" "In Mista Nelson's co'n field, jes' outside de reservation," answered the witness. "What was the condition of the ground?" "Hit wuz covered wid stubble—co'n had all been cut." "Now," said the counsel, glaring at the witness, "you are on oath, and will get into serious trouble if you tell anything but the truth. Could not your ear have been torn off by the sharp stubble?" "Yaas, sah." said the witness, "hit mought." "Then what do you mean by stating under oath that the accused bit it off?" "'Cause," said the witness, "I done seen him spit it out."

Too Indulgent.

"Yep! I'm goin' to keep workin' awhile, an' then I'll be my own boss."

"I wouldn't if I was you, Josh," replied Farmer Corntossel. "A man that's his own boss is always liable to think he has done his whole duty when he has told the help to take another holiday."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

As Beans in Boston.

"Strange things happen in this life."

"For instance?"

"I recently met a man who lived for two years in Philadelphia and never heard of scrapple."

YOUR OWN DRUGGIST WILL TELL YOU Try Murine Eye Remedy for Red, Weak, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids; No Smarting—just Eye comfort. Write for Book of the Eye by mail Free. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

Queen Elizabeth of Belgium is a dog fancier.

Many a dollar has been coined out of determination.

YAGER'S LINIMENT

The Greatest Remedy For SPAVIN GALLS BOILS SPRAIN SWEENY, WOUNDS, SWELLING, CUTS

O. F. PHILLIPS, Ivy Depot, Va., writes: "I find Yager's Liniment a great help in the care of my horses. Can recommend it as most valuable for Bruises, Swelling, Soreness, &c for either man or beast."

LARGE BOTTLE, 25c., at Dealers

GILBERT BROS. & CO., Inc. Baltimore, Md.

SPECIAL TO WOMEN

The most economical, cleansing and germicidal of all antiseptics is

Paxtine

A soluble Antiseptic Powder to be dissolved in water as needed.

As a medicinal antiseptic for douches in treating catarrh, inflammation or ulceration of nose, throat, and that caused by feminine ills it has no equal. For ten years the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. has recommended Paxtine in their private correspondence with women, which proves its superiority. Women who have been cured say it is "worth its weight in gold." At druggists. 50c. large box, or by mail. The Paxton Toilet Co., Boston, Mass.

The Home Remedy

for coughs, colds, hoarseness; pleasant to take and sure to help when needed.

Hale's Honey

Of Horehound and Tar

A tonic, expectorant and laxative. Contains no opium nor anything injurious. Sold by all druggists.

Try Pike's Toothache Drops

DRIVE MALARIA OUT OF THE SYSTEM

BABEK for That Tired Feeling

A GOOD TONIC AND APPETIZER

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

A toilet preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate dandruff. For Restoring Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

THE SHAVE THAT SAVES 75 cts.

to buy and $2.95 every month you use The Kenyon Safety Razor. The newest and best Dollar Razor made. Send 25 cents today for Trial Razor. Special Xmas gift—handsome leather case, razor and 12 extra blades for $1.00. Dealers wanted. H. L. De Hart Co., Mfrs. Agts., RUTHERFORD, N. J.

W. N. U., BALTIMORE. NO. 49—1914

NOTES FROM HOG LOT

Money in Pushing the Pigs for Early Maturity.

No Farm Animal More Fully Appreciates Pure Water Than Swine—Provide Plenty of Range—Keep Yards Sanitary.

Movable hog houses have come to stay.

Early maturity decreases the risk from disease.

The pig's bed is of as much importance as his food.

The breed is of less importance than the surroundings.

It does not pay to allow pigs to run through a wet pasture.

Bran is an excellent substitute for succulence in the sow's ration.

It is a poor idea to think that any one breed is free from disease.

A liberal feeding of roots to the brood sows insures healthy pigs.

Thousands of young pigs are annually lost hrough lack of exercise.

To be successful a man must be particular with his breeding stock.

The cost of the product is lessened by pushing the pigs for early maturity.

Clover is our cheapest hog food, and every farmer should plan to use all he can.

Health is natural, disease is unnatural, health is contagious as well as disease.

To make hogs profitable we must provide plenty of range, that we may keep their yards clean and sanitary.

A successful hog grower must do this thinking for himself after he reads the writings of other hog-growers.

Maintaining a steady gain in weight and a high degree of health are two secrets of success in making pork cheaply.

The loss of condition at weaning time may be greatly reduced if the pigs have been accustomed to supplementary foods.

While the hog is considered the most filthy of animals, yet no kind of animal appreciates pure water more than the hog.

Better send the pigs to bed hungry than to send them into a wet nest with a full stomach. The results are the same and the cost less.

It will pay any hog-grower to dip all of his growing pigs, at least once a month, to keep their skin in good condition and free from lice.

In economical pig-feeding we must make the most of our grain feeds by mingling them with coarse cheap foods, thereby reducing the cost of the ration.

Every change in feeding should be

Seven-Hundred Pound Sows.

gradual and with an eye open to note the results. It is no more our mission to keep the hogs healthy than it is to plan our equipment so that they may keep themselves so.

FARMERS ARE GREAT MOVERS

Figures Show That Many Agriculturists Move Before They Become Acquainted With Farms.

Statistics prepared under the direction of the department of commerce show that farmers are incessantly moving.

Replies from nearly 6,000,000 farmers in answer to the question how long they had resided upon their farms showed that 52 per cent had moved within five years. Over 1,000,000 farmers had moved within a year. In the North, 57 per cent had lived upon their farms five years or longer; in the West, 44 per cent, and in the South, 41 per cent.

These figures are significant, in the opinion of the government authorities, because they show that farmers move before they have had time to become acquainted with the various conditions of the soil and climate of any one locality, this lack of knowledge resulting in a small yield of crops per acre, in neglect of buildings, and in failure to conserve the fertility of the soil. Still, nothing can be done about the matter until some way can be found to eradicate the roving germ in human nature.

Selection of Dairy Cow.

A reliable guide in selecting a dairy cow is to determine her actual butter fat record. This can be done by weighing the milk produced by each cow in your herd and by determining the per cent of butter fat through frequent tests of the milk by means of the Babcock test.

Natural Feed for Hogs.

The natural feed for hogs is not liquids but solids, therefore, we cannot understand how some men believe they can fatten hogs on slops alone. Many of them keep on trying year after year but never succeed.

DEATH TRAP FOR THE SHEEP

Many Valuable Animals Lost by Accidentally Falling Into Dead Furrows—Fill Depressions.

(By FRANK KLEINHEINZ, Director Wisconsin Sheep Breeders' Association.)

Many a sheep has lost its life in a slight depression or dead furrow into which it accidentally rolled and was unable to get out. A sheep on its back in such a place is practically helpless and unless rescued will strike and beat about with its legs until it soon becomes exhausted and dies.

This explains why flockmasters occasionally find one of their best animals dead in the pasture, and very often are at a loss to account for the death of an apparently healthy sheep.

Among exhibitors and others who handle very fleshy sheep this danger is well known and it is not uncommon for an attendant at fairs and stock shows to get up once or twice during the night and go among his charges to see that none have gotten into such a trap.

To so harrow his fields as to partially fill any depressions from which

A Broad Backed Fleshy Sheep Can Live in This Position But an Hour or Two.

sheep might have difficulty in getting out, is a wise precaution for all sheep owners. Most sheepmen make a business of visiting their flocks every day or so at which time careful attention is given to the many details which further insure success.

NINE SUPERIOR FARM RULES

Perform Every Operation In Such Manner as to Render Another Unnecessary—Kill the Weeds.

Some thinking person has set forth for the good of all farmers the following rules of horticulture:

First—Perform every operation in the proper season and in the best manner.

Second—Complete every operation consecutively.

Third—Never, if possible, perform one operation in such a manner as to render another necessary.

Fourth—When calling off from any operation leave your work and tools in an ordinary condition.

Fifth—In leaving off work make a temporary finish, and clean your tools and carry them to the tool house.

Sixth—Never do that in the garden or hothouse which can be equally well done in the reserve ground or in the back sheds.

Seventh—Never pass a weed or an insect without pulling it up or taking it off, unless time forbids.

Eighth—In gathering a crop, take away the useless as well as the useful parts.

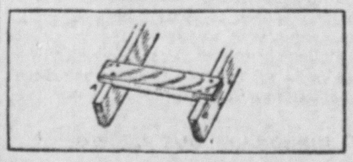
Ninth—Let no plant ripen seeds unless they are wanted for some purpose, useful or ornamental, and remove all parts which are in a state of decay.

LADDER THAT IS MADE SAFE

Clear Scantling, Secured by Screws, Not Nails, Makes Strong and Handy Farm Device.

The ordinary ladder made by nailing strips on a piece of scantling always becomes dangerous in time, as the nails are weakened by weight or rust. A good ladder is made as shown in the illustration. The sides should be clear scantling two by four without knots.

A notch one inch deep should be



Ladder That Is Safe.

made where the cross pieces are fastened and these should be secured by one-half inch screws, not nails. That makes a very strong and light ladder and will last indefinitely.

LIME-SULPHUR FOR PEACHES

Pennsylvania Experiment Station Finds Application of Mixture to Be Thoroughly Effective.

It has been found at the Pennsylvania experiment station that summer-strength lime-sulphur applied on June 22 and 30 and on July 11, against the young San Jose scale, which had emerged first about June 18, were thoroughly effective against the young in all cases, and also that each spray materially reduced the number of adults. No further emergence of young scales was noted, and a thorough examination on August 20 failed to reveal any signs of living scales whatever.

A similar experiment with an apple tree about eight years of age and badly infested, indicates that it is quite possible and practicable to control San Jose scale on apples by summer spraying alone, though two or more sprays will doubtless be required.

The Markets

NEW YORK.—Wheat—Spot irregular; No. 2 red and No. 2 hard, 118¼; No. 1 Northern Duluth, 121¼, and No. 1 Northern Manitoba, 124¼ nominal, c i f Buffalo, to arrive.

Corn—Spot quiet; No. 2 yellow, new, 77¼c c i f to arrive; Argentina, prime, 78@79c, delivered.

Butter—Creamery extras (92 score), 34c; creamery (higher scoring), 34½@35; creamery firsts, 30@33; ladles, current make, firsts, 22@22½; seconds, 21@21½; packing stock, current make, No. 2, 21.

Cheese—Specials, 15¼c; do, fancy, 15½.

Eggs — State, Pennsylvania and nearby hennery whites, 55@58c; do, gathered whites, 33@53.

Dressed Poultry—Firm; Western roasting chickens, 17½@29c; fresh fowls, 12½@18; frozen turkeys, 18@22.

Live Poultry—Firm; Western chickens, 15@15½c; fowls, 14@16; turkeys, 18@19.

PHILADELPHIA.—Wheat—Car lots, in export elevator, No. 2 red, spot and November, $1.14@1.17; No. 1 Northern Duluth, $1.25½@1.28½; No. 2 red, Western, $1.19@1.22.

Corn—Car lots, No. 2, yellow, 84@84½c; steamer yellow, 83½@84c.

Oats—No. 2 white, 54@54½c; standard white, 53@53½c; No. 3 white, 52@52½c.

Butter — Western, solid - packed creamery, fancy, special, 37c; extra, 35c; extra firsts, 33@34c; firsts, 30@31c; seconds, 26@28c; nearby prints, fancy, 38c; average extra, 36@37c; firsts, 32@35c; seconds, 30@31c; jobbing sales of fancy prints, 43@45c.

Eggs—Nearby extra, 40c per dozen; firsts, $10.80 per standard case; nearby current receipts, $9.90@10.20 per crate; Western and Southwestern, extra firsts, $10.80 per case; firsts, $9.90@10.20 per case; seconds, $7.20@7.80; Southern, $8.40@9 per case; candled and recrated fresh eggs, 44@46c.

Cheese—New York, full cream, choice, 15½c; do do, fair to good, 14½@15c; part skims, 8@13c.

Live Poultry—Fowls, fine, large, 13@15c; old roosters, 10@11c; spring chickens, 13@15c; ducks, 13@14c; spring guineas, young, per pair, weighing 2 pounds and over apiece, 50@75c; do do, weighing 1½@1¾ pounds apiece, 50c; do do, old, 50c; pigeons, old and young, 15@18c; turkeys, 18@20c.

BALTIMORE.—Wheat—No. 2 red spot and November, 115¾; December, 116½; No. 2 red Western, spot and November, 118¾.

Corn—Contract, old, 80c. Closing easier, spot, 80c nominal.

Oats—Standard white, 53@53½c, No. 3 white, 52½@53¾.

Rye—No. 2 rye, Western, 111@111½c; No. 3 do, 104@105; No. 4 do, 102@103; No. 2 rye, nearby, 99@100; bag lots of nearby rye, as to quality, 90@100.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, $20@21; do, No. 2, $18@19; do, No. 3, $15.50@17.50; light clover mixed, $19@19.50; do, No. 1, $18@18.50; do, No. 2, $16@17; choice clover, $21; do, No. 1, $20@20.50; do, No. 2, $17@18; do, No. 3, $12@14.50.

Straw—No. 1 straight rye, $14@14.50; do, No. 2, 13@13.50; No. 1 tangled rye, $10@11; do, No. 2, $8.50@9; No. 1 wheat, $7.50@8; do, No. 2, $7; No. 1 oat, $9.50@10; do, No. 2, $8@8.50.

Butter—Creamery, fancy, 34@34½; creamery, choice, 32@33; creamery, good, 30@31; creamery, prints, 33@35; creamery, blocks, 32@34½; ladles, 21@22; Maryland and Pennsylvania, rolls, 20@22; Ohio, rolls, 20; West Virginia, rolls, 20; storepacked, 19½@20; Maryland, Virginia and Pennsylvania, dairy prints, 20.

Eggs—Maryland, Pennsylvania and nearby firsts, 35c; Western firsts, 35; West Virginia, firsts, 34; Southern, firsts, 32@33.

Live Poultry—Chickens—Old hens, 4 lbs and over, 15@16c; old hens, small to medium, 14; old roosters, 10@11; young, smooth and fat, 15@16; do, rough and poor, 14. Ducks—Muscovy, 3 lbs and over, 13@14; Pekings, 3 lbs and over, 14; puddle, 3 lbs and over, 13@14; smaller, 12; Indian runners, 12. Geese—Nearby, 14@15c; Western and Southern, 12@13. Pigeons—Young, per pair, 15@20c; old, do, 15@20. Guinea fowl—Young, 1½ lbs and over, each, 35c.

Live Stock

CHICAGO. — Hogs — Bulk, $7.25@7.45; light, $7@7.50; mixed, $7.10@7.55; heavy, $7@7.55; rough, $7@7.15; pigs, $4.25@6.40.

Cattle—Beeves, $5.75@10.50; steers, $5.40@9; cows and heifers, $3.60@9.20; calves, $8.50@11.50.

Sheep—Sheep, $5.50@6.20; yearlings, $6.40@7.65; lambs, $6.60@9.25

KANSAS CITY.—Hogs—Bulk, $7.40@7.60; heavy, $7.35@7.50; packers and butchers', $7.40@7.60; light, $7.25@7.62½; pigs, $5.50@7.25.

Cattle—Prime fed steers, $10@10.75; dressed beef steers, $7.75@9.75; Southern steers, $5.50@7.50; cows, $4.75@7.50; heifers, $6.25@9.25; stockers and feeders, $6.25@8; bulls, $5.25@7; calves, $6.50@10.50.

Sheep—Lambs, $7.50@9; yearlings $6.50@7.50; wethers, $5.75@6.50; ewes, $5@5.75

ODD COINAGE ON NIGERIA

Legal Tender That Is Unhandy to Carry About in Any Considerable Quantity.

Among the strangest coins in the world are those used in certain out-of-the-way towns and villages in southwest Nigeria, on the west coast of Africa, and called "manillas." In shape they resemble a horseshoe with the two extremities flattened out like a camel's foot. Being made of solid copper, three-eighths of an inch thick, they weigh over eight ounces each. In "face value" seven of these queer coins are equivalent to one quarter, so that a dollar's worth would be an uncomfortable, heavy load.

Not only are these "manillas" used among the natives, but white traders accept them as legal tender for goods sold at the various stores. At one time the strangely shaped money had quite a circulation in certain parts of the coast, but its use is now restricted to a few bush towns and one or two of the smaller seaboard places, including Bonny, Brass and Akassa. "Manillas" are now very difficult to obtain, and curio collectors value them not solely by reason of their scarcity, but because of the novel serviette rings they make when silver plated.

FOR SKIN-TORTURED BABIES.

A hot bath with Cuticura Soap followed by a light application of Cuticura Ointment, gently rubbed on the surface, afford immediate relief and point to speedy healment of sleep-destroying eczemas, rashes, itchings, burnings, scalings and crustings of the skin and scalp of infants and children, bringing rest to worn-out, anxious mothers and peace to distracted households. For free sample each with 32 p. Skin Book, address postcard Cuticura, Dept. X, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Garnering Glory.

"We must pass a resolution calling on the city fathers for better transit facilities," said the chairman of the Squeedunk Improvement society.

"But we got 'em already," objected a member.

"All right, then we'll antedate the resolution and claim all the credit."—Philadelphia Ledger.

Is Quite Capable.

Cager—Can you spare a pore bloke a trifle, mister?

Minister—What! A big able-bodied man like you begging?

Cager—Well, yer got to be big an' strong ter beg these days wivout getin' 'urt.—Sydney Bulletin.

Encouraged.

"I'm getting on," said Mr. Cumrox, "I'm getting into this haughty and superior social stride."

"How do you know?"

"My wife gave a party and some of her friends mistook me for one of the invited guests."

Frank Intention.

"I want to marry your daughter, sir."

"What are your means of support, young man?"

"I haven't any; that's why I want to get married."

Height of Luck.

Tommy—I wish I was born lucky.

Eddie—My dad says there ain't no sich thing as luck.

Tommy—Huh! What do you call a feller who lives in a town that's the winter quarters of a circus.—Puck.

Inconsistent.

"Who are your best patients, doctor?"

"The people who are always complaining that life isn't worth living."

Some Help.

"What are we going to do about this deadlock?"

"Here's my skeleton key."

The ambitious youth used to hitch his wagon to a star. Nowadays he hitches it to a six-cylinder engine.

Backache Spells Danger

Do you know that your bad back may be merely a hint of some hidden, deep-seated kidney disorder? Census records show that deaths from kidney disorders have increased 72% in 20 years. People can't seem to realize that the first pain in the back, the first disorder of the urine, demands instant attention—that it may be a signal of coming rheumatism, gravel, dropsy or fatal Bright's disease. The best prevention of serious kidney disorders is prompt treatment—the best medicine is Doan's Kidney Pills.

A Maryland Case

Mrs. J. Tilghman Wright, 645 N. Eutaw St., Baltimore, Md., says: "I was so bad with kidney trouble I couldn't walk. My bladder was affected and I had awful backaches. I weighed only seventy pounds and had to be helped to get around. For years I doctored and tried all kinds of medicine, but nothing did me any good. I had been confined to bed for six months when a friend told me about Doan's Kidney Pills. I used them and got strong and well. I have gained in weight and am now able to do my own housework."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Mrs. S. A. Allen's WORLD'S Hair Color Restorer

Never Fails to give beautiful color to GRAY HAIR

More than a half century of success. If your dealer hasn't it, send $1.00 and a large bottle will be sent you by parcel post.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN, 55 Barclay St., New York

Renews Your Youthful Appearance

The Wretchedness of Constipation

Can quickly be overcome by CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Purely vegetable—act surely and gently on the liver. Cure Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, and Indigestion. They do their duty.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

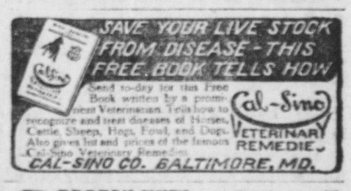
Genuine must bear Signature

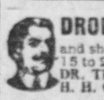
Brent Good

WHY HACK? WHY COUGH? AT DRUG STORES 25¢ DR. BULL'S Cough Syrup CAN BE DEPENDED UPON TO RELIEVE COUGHS AND COLDS A GREAT FAMILY DOCTOR

TRIAL BOTTLE FREE.

Write for it and mention this paper. Address A. C. MEYER & CO., BALTIMORE, MD.





DROPSY TREATED, usually gives quick relief, soon removes swelling and short breath, often gives entire relief in 15 to 25 days. Trial treatment sent FREE. DR. THOMAS E. GREEN, Successor to Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, Box A, Chattanooga, Ga.

50c LILLEY PILE REMEDY 50c Guaranteed to relieve or money refunded. Itching, Bleeding, or protruding Piles. C. L. KRIER, 1913 Cecil Ave., Baltimore, Md.

From Girlhood

THE change may be critical and cause untold suffering in after-life. The modern young woman is often a "bundle of nerves"—"high strung"—fainting spells—emotional—frequently blue and dissatisfied with life. Such girls should be helped over this distressing stage in life—by a woman's tonic and nervine—that has proven successful for over 40 years.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

is a keen enemy to the physical weaknesses of woman. A medicine prepared by regular graduated physician of unusual experience in treating woman's diseases—carefully adapted to work in harmony with the most delicate feminine constitution.

It is now obtainable in liquid or sugar-coated tablet form at the drug store—or send 50 one-cent stamps for a trial box, to Buffalo.

Every woman may write fully and confidentially to Dr. Pierce and his staff of physicians and Specialists at the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., and may be sure that her case will receive careful, conscientious, confidential consideration, and that experienced medical advice will be given to her free.

to Womanhood

DR. PIERCE'S PLEASANT PELLETS regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar coated, tiny granules easy to take as candy.

26 inch Switch for $2.00

Made of naturally wavy, lustrous human hair, mounted on three short stems. Mail us two dollars and a sample of your hair—we will send you, charges prepaid, a beautiful switch to match. Money back if not satisfactory. *Send for booklet.*

HAGER & BRO., Lancaster, Pa.

"IS YOUR BABY CONSTIPATED?"

Baby's bowels must be regulated properly and by a medicine that is safe.

Dr. Fahrney's Teething Syrup

Has proved itself—mothers know it and babies like it. Used in 100,000 American homes. Prevents Cholera Infantum. Best for bowel complaints. Cures Colic in ten minutes. 25 cents at druggists. Trial bottle free if you mention this paper.

Made only by DRS. D. FAHRNEY & SON, Hagerstown, Md.

THE CENTRE REPORTER.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1914

Conditions Growing Better in Altoona.

On Monday sixty men who had been suspended in the spring and 200 additional were taken back to work in the Pennsylvania Railroad shops in Altoona. A large number of locomotives need repairs, in anticipation of winter, and the machine shops have been placed on 50 hours a week. They had been working 40 and 45.

The Rain Fall.

The rain fall during November was just one and forty-four hundredths inches, a fraction less than one-half the fall during the same month last year, which was also much below the normal. During October the precipitation was 2 38 inches, a trifle over half of that during October of 1913 September was almost a blank, the fall being but twelve one hundredths of one inch, against 1.68 inches a year previous. The total fall for September, October and November of this year was 3.94 inches, against 8 71 inches for the corresponding period of a year ago.

BOALSBURG.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Wieland visited with relatives in Harrisburg and Lebanon county.

John Patterson made a short visit to the Mountain City.

Prof. H. C. Rothrock was home from Port Matilda for Thanksgiving.

Miss Helen Coxey was home from Williamsport accompanied by her friend Miss Case.

One of the largest porkers killed in this neighborhood this season was slaughtered by Daniel W. Myers, in Boalsburg, on Monday, the weight being 486 pounds.

The union Thanksgiving service was well attended. Rev. J. I. Stonecypher preached a strong sermon from the words of the Psalmist, "Offer unto God Thanksgiving".

A Home missionary service will be held in the Reformed church on Sunday evening at 7:15. "Forward" a service prepared by the Mission Board will be used.

Miss Viola Way teacher of the Boalsburg primary school spent Thanksgiving at her home at Stormstown.

Mrs. S. J. Wagner with her sons Cyrus and Harold spent Thanksgiving at Centre Hall.

Oscar Rishel and sister, Miss Elsie, spent Saturday at Pine Grove Mills.

Miss Effie Rishel is spending this week at Rock where she is engaged at needlework.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Meyer and Mr. and Mrs Lee Brooks took an auto ride to Millheim Sunday afternoon.

Other visitors at Boalsburg during the Thanksgiving season were Mrs. Susan Hartswick with her son and daughter, Robert and Miss Mary of Altoona, Mrs. Robert Morrow, Edward Tussey and William Tennis of Sinking Valley. The J. P. Weber family with their visitors from State College, Frank Whitehill and daughter, Miss Helen of Houserville, Miss Mary Woods of Spring Mills, Dr. and Mrs. George Woods of Pine Grove Mills, Mrs. Angeline Bottorf of Lemont, Joseph Myers and family of AxeMann, David Stuart of Bellevue, and S. G. Rudy of Huntingdon.

FRUITTOWN.

Misses Irene and Myrtle Reesner from Reading are visiting among relatives at this place.

Mr. and Mrs. John Bitner and daughter, Ethel, also Della Klinefelter all of this place are visiting among friends and relatives at State College.

Mr. and Mrs. Ashbridge Thomas left last Monday for an extended visit among relatives in Johnstown and other points.

Mrs. Daniel Royer of Mifflin county is at this time at the home of her mother, Mrs. Long, of this place.

Mr. and Mrs. Condo returned Saturday to their home in Altoona, after a brief visit with Mrs. Condo's grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Summers, at this place.

Rev. Bradley of Milesburg spent a few days last week with his many friends here.

Those of our community who are under the care of the doctor are Mrs. Susan Long and Lydia Ishler; all hope for their speedy recovery.

Rev. Bierly opened his revival service on Sunday evening in the Evangelical church of this place; all wish them great success for their labors.

REBERSBURG

Jesse Long, a veteran of the Civil war, is on the sick list.

John Stam of Avis spent last Thursday in town on special business.

At a depth of 400 feet the oil prospectors struck the second stream of water which is causing them considerable extra work.

Mrs. Jerry Walker, who some time ago had the misfortune to fall and dislocate her shoulder, is getting along as well as can be expected.

Thomas Ocker has so far this season killed the heaviest porker in our town; its weight was 528 pounds.

December broke in with rain, but the fall was light.

PENN HALL.

Mr. and Mrs. James Condo spent Sunday at the home of their daughter, Mrs. John Musser, at Millheim.

Mrs. Sarah Hartman visited her brother, George Wise, near Rebersburg a few days last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Bitner spent Sunday at the home of George Shook.

Rev. Geesey took dinner at the home of Frank Musser on Sunday.

Mrs. John Albright and her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Alfred Albright, and two children from State College visited at the home of the former's son, Jerry Albright, on Sunday.

Misses Belle McCormick and Sarah Fisher spent the Thanksgiving vacation at home.

Charles Snyder of Sunbury, who is a student at State College, visited at the homes of his uncles, Frank and Charles Fisher, during his vacation.

Norman Young of Boalsburg, who was working for Ralph Shook, is now working for Daniel Corman.

Dr. Wolfe, the United States Home and Foreign Missionary, will give a lecture in the Lutheran church here on Saturday evening, December 5th.

Mr. and Mrs. Irvin Zettle and daughter Florence from Centre Hall were down at church on Sunday morning and took dinner at the home of William Sinkabine.

George Sheasly visited a few days with his children at Lock Haven.

Mr. and Mrs. Bruce Hettinger and son Stanford visited at the home of the former's parents on Sunday.

COBURN.

Bright Barger was operated on for appendicitis at the Bellefonte hospital, Thursday. His condition is reported as favorable.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Rader of Lykens visited at the J. E. Harter home.

Mrs William Coonsman of Lynndale visited her sister, Mrs. Harry Kreamer, for a few days last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Tibben Zubler of Spring Mills visited friends on Sunday.

George Moyer is on the sick list.

Revival services are being conducted at this place.

Forest Mark of Mifflinburg visited friends here last week.

Mrs. Thomas Taylor spent a few days with her daughter, Mrs. Walter Heim, at Dornsife.

Horses for War in East.

On Saturday a drove of 5100 horses were in Chicago on their way to the French coast, and 1700 horses of a higher grade passed through that city on the same day on their way to England. This represents only a fraction of the shipments of horses to the eastern countries since the war opened.

SHERIFF'S SALE—

DESCRIPTION OF REAL ESTATE OF HEVERLY PROPERTY

By virtue of a writ of Levari Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Centre County, Penn'a, and to me directed there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House in Bellefonte Boro, Pa , on

MONDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF DECEMBER 1914,

at one o'clock p. m.

All the six certain messuages and tracts of land situate in Howard Township, Centre County, Pa., the one thereof bounded and described as follows to wit: Beginning at a white oak thence south 2 degrees east 37 3-5 perches to stones; thence south 47 degrees east 37 1-2 perches to red oak; thence south 43 degrees west 52 perches to rock oak; thence south 76 degrees west 13 perches to stones; thence north 47 degrees west 58 1-2 perches to stones; thence north 40 degrees east 86 5-6 perches to stones; thence 76 1-2 degrees east 11 1-5 perches to the place of beginning. Containing 28 acres and 37 perches and 6 per cent. allowance for road.

Also the following five lots situate in Mount Eagle, Howard Township, Centre County, Pa., bounded and described as follows to wit:—

No. 1 Beginning at the Bald Eagle Creek thence south 32 degrees east 36 perches to a post; thence along railroad south 67 degrees west 6 perches to a post; thence south 32 degrees east 10.8 perches to a post; thence by town lots south 60 degrees west 51 perches to a white oak; thence by lot of Theodore Miller south 32 degrees east 8 perches to a post at the great road leading from Milesburg to Lock Haven; thence along said road south 42 degrees west 26 perches to a post; thence south 46 10 degrees west 11.4 perches to a stone corner; thence by land of William Bathurst north 39 degrees west 13.7 perches to stones; thence by land occupied by James Bathurst north 40 1-2 degrees east 18.7 perches to a maple stump; thence north 40 1-2 degrees west 19 perches to Bald Eagle Creek; thence down the Bald Eagle Creek the several courses thereof to the place of beginning. Containing 20 acres more or less.

No. 2. Beginning at stones; thence south 31 degrees east 59 1-2 perches to stones; thence by land of Roland Curtin's heirs south 59 degrees west 21 perches to stones; thence by land of N Hoy north 31 degrees west 36 1-2 perches to stones; thence north 59 degrees east 30 perches to stones, thence by lot of Peter Hanes north 31 degrees west 18 perches to stones; thence down public road south 59 degrees east 8 perches to the place of beginning and containing 5 acres and 128 perches, strict measure.

No. 3. Beginning at a white oak thence along road north 59 degrees east 9 perches to a post; thence by land of C. Bowers south 31 degrees east 18 perches to a stone; thence south 59 degrees west 9 perches to a post; thence along the school lot north 31 degrees west 18 perches to the place of beginning. Containing 1 acre and 2 perches, net measure.

No. 4. A lot beginning at a post on the south corner of Blacksmith Shop; thence by the road south 49 degrees west 10 perches to a post; thence by lot of Frederick Doughman north 32 degrees west 8 perches to a post; thence by land of Peter Hanes north 49 degrees east 10 perches to Iron post; thence by land of Theodore G. Leathers south 32 degrees east 10 perches to the place of beginning.

No. 5. Beginning at Mount Eagle railroad station bounded on the east by land of James Antis, north by Bald Eagle Valley Railroad, on the west by public road leading across Bald Eagle Creek, on the south by public road leading from Lock Haven to Milesburg. Containing one half acre more or less.

Release of Hannah A. Kesigle, filed dated May 1st, 1905, and recorded in Missc. Book, Vol. "O", page 260, to the following tract: On the north by Bald Eagle Creek, on the east by public road leading from Mount Eagle to Marsh Creek; on the south by Bald Eagle Valley Railroad and on the west by James Bathurst. Containing 13 acres more or less. Consideration named in release $600 00.

Seized, levied upon, taken into execution and to be sold as the property of Ellsworth E. Heverly.

Terms of sale: No Deed will be acknowledged until the purchase money is paid in full.

ARTHUR B. LEE, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Bellefonte, Pa.
October 29th, 1914.

SHERIFF'S SALE—

DESCRIPTION OF REAL ESTATE OF BELLEFONTE AUTOMOBILE CO.

By virtue of a writ of Vend. Ex. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Centre County, Pennsylvania, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, in the borough of Bellefonte, Pennsylvania, on

MONDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1914,

at one o'clock p. m.

All that certain tract of land situate in the Township of Spring, County of Centre and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows to wit: Beginning at a post on the northern side of the public road leading from Bellefonte to Coleville; thence along land formerly of Shoemaker and Scott, now of Bellefonte Furnace Company, north 25 1-2 degrees west 440 feet, more or less, to land or right of-way of the Bellefonte Central Railroad Company; thence by said land or right-of-way of said Railroad Company, the next four following courses and distances, viz.: First, north 61 1-2 degrees east 194 feet, second, thence north 70 1-2 degrees east 80 feet; third, thence north 88 1-2 degrees east 142.5 feet; and the fourth, thence 83 1-2 degrees east 268 feet more or less, to other land of the Bellefonte Central Railroad Company; thence along said other land of the said Bellefonte Railroad Company, south 27 1-2 degrees east 110 feet to land formerly of William P. Duncan, now of the estate of William A. Thomas, deceased, to a point heretofore designated as the south side of Iron Alley; thence along said last above mentioned land on a line heretofore designated as the south side of Iron Alley south 65 degrees west 392.5 feet, more or less, to a post; and thence by said last above mentioned land south 27 1-2 degrees east 150 feet to a post on the northern side of said public road; south 65 degrees west 240 feet, more or less, and thence along the northern side of said public road to the place of beginning, containing 4 acres and 66 perches, more or less.

Also all that certain piece or strip of land situate partly in the borough of Bellefonte and partly in Spring Township, in the County of Centre, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows to wit:—Beginning at a stone on the north side of the public road leading from Bellefonte to Coleville 75 feet west-wardly from a marked white oak: thence by land of the American Lime and Stone Company, north 27 1-2 degrees west 180 feet to a point heretofore designated as the north side of Iron Alley, a corner of land of the Bellefonte Central Railroad Company; thence by said land of said Railroad Company, south 65 degrees west 247 1-2 feet to a point on land of T A. Shoemaker; thence by said land of said Shoemaker south 27 1-2 degrees east 30 feet to a point designated as the south side of said Iron Alley; and thence by land of said Shoemaker south 65 degrees west 392 1-2 feet, more or less; and south 27 1-2 degrees east 150 feet to a post on the north side of the aforesaid public road; and thence by said road north 65 degrees east 640 feet, more or less, to the place of beginning, containing 2 acres and 59 perches, more or less. Recorded in Deed Book 116, page 92.

Seized, levied upon, taken into execution and to be sold as the property of the Bellefonte Automobile Company, etc

Terms of Sale: No deed will be acknowledged until purchase money is paid in full.

ARTHUR B. LEE, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Bellefonte, Pa.
October 29th, 1914. 44.o.47

SALE REGISTER

Parties having their sale bills printed at this office will have their sales registered under this head FREE of charge. To all others the charge is one dollar, the notice to run until date of sale.

FRIDAY, MARCH 5TH—H. I. Foust, at Centre Hill, will make sale of farm stock and implements.

FRIDAY, MARCH 5, one mile north of Tusseyville, by George F. Potter; horses, cattle, hogs, implements, etc.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 24TH—A. F. Rote, on the Zubler farm, one mile west of Farmers Mills, will sell lot of farm stock and complete line of implements. L. F. Mayes, auct.

WANTED—A good cook, at $5.00 per week; also, two other girls. Apply to Mrs. J. H. Lambert, State College, Pa. Bell 'phone, 62-4.

REAL ESTATE AT PRIVATE SALE.

The undersigned offers for sale the property of the late Sarah Ann Horner, late of Potter township, deceased, located one-fourth mile southwest of Colyer. Said property consists of a good two-story log house, weather-boarded, good barn, wagon shed, and all necessary outbuildings. There are two never-failing wells on the premises; also a good young orchard. About three acres of land, in good state of cultivation. Will be sold at a very reasonable price.

For further particulars inquire of, or address
MRS. JOHN H. HORNER,
Spring Mills, Pa., R. D. 4.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

Whereas the Honorable Ellis L. Orvis, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the Forty-ninth Judicial District, consisting of the county of Centre, having issued his precept bearing date the 21st day of October, 1914, to me directed for holding a Court of Common Pleas, Orphans Court, Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, in Bellefonte, for the county of Centre, and to commence on the

FIRST MONDAY OF DECEMBER,

being the 7th day of December, 1914, and to continue two weeks.

Notice is hereby given to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace, Aldermen, and Constables of said county of Centre, that they be then and there in their proper persons at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of the 7th, with their records, inquisitions, examinations, and their own remembrances, to do those things which to their office appertains to be done and those who are bound in recognizances, to prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in jail of Centre county, be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Given under my hand at Bellefonte, the 10th day of November, in the year of our Lord, 1914, and the one hundred and thirty-eighth year of the Independence of the United States of America.

ARTHUR B. LEE,
Sheriff's Office, Sheriff.
Bellefonte, Nov. 10, 1914.

See me for best prices on all sizes of

WATER PIPES

-also-

PUMPS and REPAIRS

Everything in the Plumbing Line—bathroom fixtures, etc., at lowest prices.

S. J. ROWE
Centre Hall, Pa.

New Fall and Winter Goods

Dress Goods
Outings
Ginghams
Bed Blankets
Shirtings

Also a Full Line of—

Sweaters in all colors and styles
Outing Dresses & Night Robes

We also have a complete line of
FRESH GROCERIES

Call and see

H. F. Rossman
SPRING MILLS, PA.

ADMINISTRATRIX'S NOTICE.—

Letters of administration on the estate of Robert B. Barges, late of Gregg Township, deceased.

Letters of administration on the above estate having been duly granted to the undersigned, she would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

JOANNA M BARTGES, Administratrix,
46-o.1 p'd. Spring Mills, Pa

Brings result—a Reporter ad.

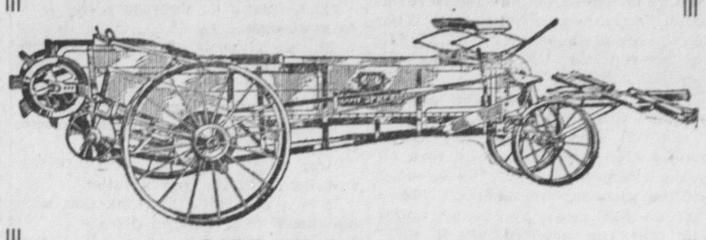
CYRUS BRUNGART

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE
CENTRE HALL, PA.

Special attention given to collecting. Legal writings of all classes, including deeds, mortgages agreements, etc; marriage licenses and hunter's licenses secured, and all matters pertaining to the office attended to promptly. oct8,1yr,pd

FOR IMMEDIATE SALE—Property situated in Boalsburg, known as Samuel Bell store property. Well suited for business of any kind. Call or write at once. Chas. D. Bartholomew, Real Estate Agent, Centre Hall, Pa. 47.o.49

INTERNATIONAL HARVESTER MACHINES



SOME POSITIVE FACTS

If in need of a manure spreader you cannot buy a better spreader than the LOW SPREAD SPREADER, and in fact, you cannot afford to buy any other. It is noted for its durability and reliability.

It is an all steel spreader, and being low down makes it easy to load. Wide wheels, which give better traction, and fitted with best lugs known. The position of the rear axle carries a sufficient portion of the weight, thus enabling good work, regardless of the condition of the soil.

This spreader can be had with or without the wide spread attachment. When the wide spread attachment is used it will spread a width of eight or nine feet.

Call around at our place of business and let us point out to you many more features good of the LOW SPREAD SPREADER.

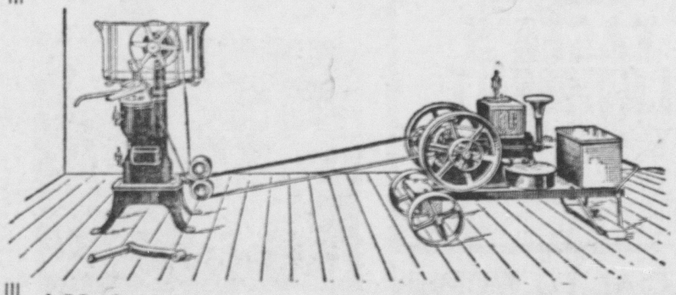
Become Acquainted With the BLUEBELL Cream Separator

THERE is a good deal more to buying a cream separator than just paying out your money for any machine you happen to take a fancy to. You can find this out after you buy, or you can find it out before you buy. Generally the latter is the cheaper of the two.

For instance, this BLUEBELL cream separator you are practically buying two machines in one—a clarifier and a separator. In some separator bowls, whatever foreign substances are in the milk that the strainer will not remove, collect on the skimming devices and on the sides of the bowl, interfering with the skimming and contaminating all the milk and cream that goes through the separator.

In this machine these foreign substances are collected into the clarifying chamber before separation takes place. Unless you know this separator you can hardly realize the difference that this feature makes in the separation of milk.

Our Aim to Explain International Harvester Engines.



ALL the features of a good engine cannot be learned in a day. Yet every man who buys an engine should know all the those features and should be able to make comparisons with any engine offered him.

There are certain features of design, material, machining and construction necessary to produce best results. These results are what you are interested in, because they mean economy and the ability to do your work.

The design is important. Of two engines with the same weight, same bore and stroke, running at the same speed, one will develop anywhere up to 50 per cent. more horse-power than the other, and may last twice as long simply because of difference in design.

International Harvester engines all have those features. The first time you are in town, drop in and we will show you some of the reasons why I H C engines develop so much power and last so long.

H. C. SHIRK - - Centre Hall, Pa.

Stoves and Ranges

POSSIBLY that old heater or cook stove that has done service for these many years should be replaced by a more modern stove that will not only give better satisfaction but will save fuel. Come in and see our complete line of stoves for all purposes. We have the stove you need.

Our Coal Oil Heaters and Cookers (that make no odor) are making satisfied buyers.

T. L. SMITH
CENTRE HALL, PA.

I wish to have you call and examine our

FALL and WINTER STOCK

—OF—

Shoes, Rubbers, Underwear, Dry Goods, Sweaters, Notions, etc.

A Full line of Rubbers, such as:

BALL BAND, GOODRICH Heavy LAMBERTVILLE, HOOD LIGHTWEIGHT, Etc.
Prices Rock Bottom.

I pay cash for Produce; Butter, Eggs, Meat, Lard, etc.

FRESH OYSTERS EVERY FRIDAY, they are cheaper than meat.

I sell National advertised goods.

Don't fail to give us a call

C. F. EMERY
CENTRE HALL, PA.